Safety Data Sheet according to UK REACH Regulations SI 2020/1577



Revision date: 1/14/2022 Supercedes: 1/7/2022

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier:	
Product trade name: Company product number: UK REACH registration number: Substance name: Substance identification number: Other means of identification:	Kalama* Florosol A FLOROSOLA UK-01-8605947276-0-0003 A mixture of: cis-tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol; trans-tetrahydro-2- isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol EC 405-040-6 32210; 2H-Pyran-4-ol, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-(2-methylpropyl)-
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance	
Uses: Uses advised against:	Fragrance ingredient. Industrial applications. Professional applications. Consumer applications. See Annex for covered uses. Consumer products with potential for significant oral contact.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sh	neet:
Manufacturer/Supplier:	Emerald Kalama Chemical Limited Dans Road Widnes, Cheshire WA8 0RF United Kingdom Telephone: +44 (0) 151 423 8000
For further information about this SDS:	Email: product.compliance@emeraldmaterials.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number:	
	ChemTel (24 hours): 1-800-255-3924 (USA); +1-813-248-0585 (outside USA).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture:

Product classification according to GB CLP as amended:

Eye Irritation, category 2, H319

See Section 2.2 for full text of H (Hazard) statements.

2.2. Label elements:

Product labeling according to GB CLP as amended:

Hazard pictogram(s):



Signal word: Warning Hazard statements: H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Precautionary statements: P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear eye protection/face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Supplemental information: No Additional Information

Precautionary statements are listed according to the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Annex III and GB CLP Guidance on Labelling and Packaging. Regulations in individual countries/regions may determine which statements are required on the product label. See product label for specifics.

2.3. Other hazards:

PBT/vPvB criteria: Other hazards:

This product does not meet the PBT and vPvB classification criteria. No Additional Information

See Section 11 for toxicological information.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance:

CAS-No.	<u>Chemical Name</u>	Weight%	Classification	H Statements
0063500-71-0	Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4- methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	99-100	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
CAS-No.	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Weight%</u>	UK REACH Registration No.	EC/List Number
0063500-71-0	Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4- methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers	99-100	UK-01-8605947276-0-0003	405-040-6

See Section 16 for full text of H (Hazard) statements.

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification. Remaining components are proprietary, non-hazardous, and/or present at amounts below reportable limits.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures:

General: If irritation or other symptoms occur or persist from any route of exposure, remove the affected individual from the area: see a physician/get medical attention.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of clean water for an extended time, not less than fifteen (15) minutes. Flush longer if there is any indication of residual chemical in the eye. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers and roll eyes in a circular motion. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact: Wash the affected area thoroughly with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Inhalation: If affected, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse out the mouth with water. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first aid responders: Wear proper personal protective clothing and equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation. Pre-existing skin problems may be aggravated by prolonged or repeated contact. See section 11 for additional information.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media:

Suitable: Use water spray, ABC dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. Water or foam may cause frothing. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures.

Unsuitable: None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Unusual fire/explosion hazards: Product is not considered a fire hazard, but will burn if ignited. Closed container may rupture (due to build up in pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.

Hazardous combustion products: Irritating or toxic substances may be emitted upon burning, combustion or decomposition. See section 10 (10.6 Hazardous decomposition products) for additional information.

5.3. Advice for firefighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) equipped with a full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand mode (or other positive pressure mode) and approved protective clothing. Personnel without suitable respiratory protection must leave the area to prevent significant exposure to hazardous gases from combustion, burning or decomposition. In an enclosed or poorly ventilated area, wear SCBA during cleanup immediately after a fire as well as during the attack phase of firefighting operations.

See section 9 for additional information.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment. If spilled in an enclosed area, ventilate. Eliminate ignition sources. Personal Protective Equipment must be worn.

6.2. Environmental precautions:

Do not flush liquid into public sewer, water systems or surface waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain by diking with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Wear proper personal protective clothing and equipment. Absorb spill with an inert material. Place into labeled, closed container; store in safe location to await disposal. Change contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

6.4. References to other sections:

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protection and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling:

As with any chemical product, use good laboratory/workplace procedures. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near the container. Wash thoroughly after handling this product. Always wash up before eating, smoking or using the facilities. Use under well-ventilated conditions. Avoid eye contact. Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Avoid inhalation of aerosol, mist, spray, fume or vapor. Avoid drinking, tasting, swallowing or ingesting this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in the work area.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store cool and dry, under well-ventilated conditions. Store this material away from incompatible substances (see section 10). Do not store in open, unlabeled or mislabeled containers. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not reuse empty container without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Empty container contains residual product which may exhibit hazards of product.

7.3. Specific end use(s):

Further information concerning special risk management measures: see annex of this safety data sheet (exposure scenarios).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters:

Occupational exposure limits (OEL):

Chemical Name Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	<u>ACGIH - TWA/Ceiling</u> N/E	<u>ACGIH - STEL</u> N/E
<u>Chemical Name</u> Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	UK WEL N/E	

N/E=Not established (no exposure limits established for the listed substances for listed country/region/organization).

Derived No Effect Levels (DNELs):

Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)

Population	Route	Acute (local)	Acute (systemic)	Long Term (local)	Long Term (systemic)
Workers	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	N/E	44,1 mg/m3
Workers	Dermal	N/E	N/E	N/E	41,7 mg/kg bw/day
General population	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	N/E	13 mg/m3
General population	Dermal	N/E	N/E	N/E	25 mg/kg bw/day
General population	Oral	N/E	N/E	N/E	7,5 mg/kg bw/day
Human via the environment	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	N/E	13 mg/m3
Human via the environment	Oral	N/E	N/E	N/E	7,5 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNECs):

Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)

Compartment	PNEC	
Freshwater	0,094 mg/L	
Freshwater sediment	0,412 mg/kg dw	
Marine water	0,0094 mg/L	
Marine water sediment	0,0412 mg/kg dw	
Intermittent releases	0.94 mg/L	

Compartment	PNEC
Soil	0,0902 mg/kg dw
STP	10 mg/L
Oral	No potential for bioaccumulation
N/C-Net established: N/A-Net explicable	(not nonvined), hur-hody weight, dur-dwy weight, any-wet weight

N/E=Not established; N/A=Not applicable (not required); bw=body weight; dw=dry weight; ww=wet weight.

8.2. Exposure controls:

Appropriate engineering controls: Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to draw spray, aerosol, fume, mist and vapor away from workers to prevent routine inhalation. Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses or goggles required.

Hand protection: Avoid skin contact when mixing or handling the material by wearing impervious and chemical resistant gloves. In case of prolonged immersion or frequently repeated contact, gloves with breakthrough times greater than 240 minutes (protection class 5 or greater) are recommended. For brief contact or splash applications, gloves with breakthrough times of 10 minutes or greater are recommended (protection class 1 or greater). The protective gloves to be used must comply with the specifications of the standard EN 374. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage (e.g. frequency and duration of contact, other chemicals which may be handled, chemical resistance of glove material and dexterity). Always seek advice of the glove supplier as to the most suitable glove material.

Skin and body protection: Use good laboratory/workplace procedures including personal protective clothing: labcoat, safety glasses and protective gloves.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is not needed with proper ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Further information: Eyewash fountains and safety showers are recommended in the work area.

Environmental exposure controls: See Sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

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Appearance:	Liquid. Colorless to light yellow
Odour:	Floral
Odour threshold:	Not Available
pH:	Not Available
Melting point/Freezing point:	<-100°C (<-148°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range °C:	227 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range °F:	440 °F
Flash point:	106 °C (223 °F) DIN EN ISO 2719
Evaporation rate:	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not Applicable (liquid)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	LFL/LEL: Not Available
	UFL/UEL: Not Available
Vapour pressure:	0,01 hPa @ 20°C
Vapour density:	Not Available
Relative density:	0.945-0.954
Solubility in water:	23-24 g/L @ 23°C
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	1.65 (23°C)
Autoignition temperature:	328°C (622°F)
Decomposition temperature:	Not Available
Viscosity:	234 mPa.s @ 20°C
Explosive properties:	Not explosive
Oxidising properties:	Not oxidizing
% Volatile By weight:	Not Available
VOC:	Not Available

9.2. Other information:

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity:

None known.

10.2. Chemical stability:

This product is stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid:

Excessive heat and ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials:

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects:

Information on likely routes of exposure:

General: Caution must be exercised through the prudent use of protective equipment and handling procedures to minimize exposure.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.

Inhalation: High airborne concentrations of vapors resulting from heating, misting or spraying may cause irritation of the respiratory tract and mucous membranes.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation.

Acute toxicity information: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Chemical Name	Inhalation LC50	Species	Oral LD50	Species	Dermal LD50	Species
Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol,	N/E	N/E	>2000 mg/kg	Rat/ adult	>2000 mg/kg	Rabbit/ adult
mixed isomers (cis and trans)						

Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Chemical Name	Skin irritation	Species
Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	Mild irritant	Rabbit/ adult

Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation - Category 2.

Chemical Name	Eve irritation	Species
Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol,	Irritant (OECD 405)	Rabbit/ adult
mixed isomers (cis and trans)		

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Chemical Name	Skin sensitisation	Species
Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4-ol,	Non-sensitizer (OECD 406)	Guinea Pig/ adult
mixed isomers (cis and trans)		

Carcinogenicity: Not classified (no relevant information found).

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). TETRAHYDRO-2-ISOBUTYL-4-METHYLPYRAN-4-OL, MIXED ISOMERS (cis and trans): Mutagenic assays were negative for both in vivo and in vitro assays.

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). TETRAHYDRO-2-ISOBUTYL-4-METHYLPYRAN-4-OL, MIXED ISOMERS (cis and trans): Reproductive toxicity, oral, rats: NOAEL (no-observed adverse-effect-level) 1113 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 443). Reproductive toxicity, dermal, rats: NOAEL (no-observed adverseeffect-level) 1000 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 421). Developmental toxicity, oral, rats: NOAEL of 1113 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 443). Developmental toxicity dermal, rats: NOAEL (no-observed-adverse-effect level), maternal toxicity=1000 mg/kg bw/day; NOAEL, developmental toxicity=1000 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 414).

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). TETRAHYDRO-2-ISOBUTYL-4-METHYLPYRAN-4-OL, MIXED ISOMERS (cis and trans): Repeated dose toxicity study: NOAEL (No-Observed-Adverse-Effect-Level), oral, rat - 125 mg/kg bw/day; NOAEL, dermal, rat - 1000 mg/kg bw/day.

Aspiration hazard: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Other toxicity information: No additional information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity:

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	Chemical Name	Species		Acute	Acute	Chronic	
	Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4- methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	Fish		LC50 354 mg/L (96 hours) (OECD 203)	N/E	N/E	
	Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4- methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	Invertebrates	5	EC50 320 mg/L (48 hours) (OECD 202)	N/E	N/E	
	Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4- methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	Algae		EC50 >100 mg/L (72 hours) (OECD 201)	EC50 >1000 mg/L(72 hours) (OECD 201)	EC10 232 mg/L(72 hours) (OECD 201)	
	Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4- methylpyran-4-ol, mixed isomers (cis and trans)	Micro-organi	sms	EC50 >1000 mg/L (3 hours) (OECD 209)			
12.2.	Persistence and degradabil	ity:					
	Chemical Name Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4- isomers (cis and trans)	ol, mixed	Not re	e <u>gradation</u> aadily biodegradable (OECD 301B); Iı D 301D)	nherently biodegradable		
12.3.	Bioaccumulative potential:						
	Chemical Name Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4- isomers (cis and trans)	ol, mixed	<u>Bioco</u> N/E	oncentration Factor (BCF)		<u>Log Kow</u> 1.65 (23°C)	
12.4.	Mobility in soil:						
	<u>Chemical Name</u> Tetrahydro-2-isobutyl-4-methylpyran-4- isomers (cis and trans)	ol, mixed		lity in soil <u>(Koc/Kow)</u> (calculated)			

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

This product does not meet the PBT and vPvB classification criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects:

No additional information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods:

Dispose of unused contents (incineration) in accordance with national and local regulations. Dispose of container in accordance with national and local regulations. Ensure the use of properly authorized waste management companies, where appropriate.

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

The information below is provided to assist in documentation. It may supplement the information on the package. The package in your possession may carry a different version of the label depending on the date of manufacture. Depending on inner packaging quantities and packaging instructions, it may be subject to specific regulatory exceptions.

14.1. UN number: N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Not regulated - See Bill of Lading for Details

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

U.S. DOT hazard class: N/A Canada TDG hazard class: N/A Europe ADR/RID hazard class: N/A IMDG Code (ocean) hazard class: N/A ICAO/IATA (air) hazard class: N/A

A "N/A" listing for the hazard class indicates the product is not regulated for transport by that regulation.

14.4. Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Marine pollutant: Not Applicable Hazardous substance (USA): Not Applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user:

Not Applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

Not Applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS 2020 No. 1577, The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 [UK REACH]: Applicable components have been registered, are exempt or otherwise compliant. UK REACH is only relevant to substances either manufactured or imported into the UK. Emerald Kalama Chemical has met its obligations under the UK REACH regulation. UK REACH information regarding this product is provided for informational purposes only. Each Legal Entity may have differing UK REACH obligations, depending on their place in the supply chain. Emerald's compliance with UK REACH does not imply automatic coverage for Downstream Users located in the UK. For material manufactured outside of the UK, the importer of record must understand and meet their specific obligations under the regulation.

UK Authorizations and/or restrictions on use: Not Applicable

Other UK information: No Additional Information

Chemical inventories:

Regulation	<u>Status</u>
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC):	Y
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):	Y
Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL):	N
China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC):	Y
European EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP):	Y
Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS):	Y
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):	Y
Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances (KECL):	Y
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	Y
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):	Y
Taiwan Inventory of Existing Chemicals:	Y
U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (Active):	Y

A "Y" listing indicates all intentionally added components are either listed or are otherwise compliant with the regulation. A "N" listing indicates that for one or more components: 1) there is no listing on the public inventory (or is not on the ACTIVE inventory for U.S. TSCA); 2) no information is available; or 3) the component has not been reviewed. A "Y" for New Zealand may mean that a qualified group standard may exist for the components in this product.

Europe REACH (EC) 1907/2006: Applicable components are registered, exempt or otherwise compliant. EU REACH is only relevant to substances either manufactured or imported into the EU. Emerald Kalama Chemical has met its obligations under the EU REACH regulation. EU REACH information regarding this product is provided for informational purposes only. Each Legal Entity may have differing EU REACH obligations, depending on their place in the supply chain. Emerald's compliance with EU REACH does not imply automatic coverage for Downstream Users located in the EU. For material manufactured outside of the EU, the importer of record must understand and meet their specific obligations under the regulation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment:

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the substance or mixture consistent with the EU REACH regulation.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Hazard (H) Statements in the Composition section (Section 3):
                         Causes serious eye irritation.
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H319

Reason for revision: Changes in Section(s): 1, 8, 11, 12, Annex

Evaulation method For classification Of mixtures: Not Applicable (substance)

Legend:

*: Trademark owned by Emerald Kalama Chemical, LLC. ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ATE: Acute toxicity estimate N/A: Not Applicable N/E: None Established STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average (exposure for 8-hour workday) UK WEL: United Kingdom Workplace Exposure Limits

Users Responsibility/Disclaimer of Liability:

The information set forth herein is based on our current knowledge, and is intended to describe the product solely with respect to health, safety and the environment. As such, it must not be interpreted as a guarantee of any specific property of the product. As a result, the customer shall be solely responsible for deciding whether said information is suitable and beneficial.

Safety Data Sheet Preparer: Product Compliance Department Emerald Kalama Chemical, LLC 1499 SE Tech Center Place, Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98683 United States

Annex

Exposure Scenarios

Substance information:

Name of substance: 2H-Pyran-4-ol, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-(2-methylpropyl)-. EC# 405-040-6 / CAS# 63500-71-0 UK REACH Registration number: UK-01-8605947276-0-0003 EU REACH Registration number: 01-0000015458-64-0004

List of exposure scenarios:

ES1: Industrial compounding

ES2: Industrial formulation

ES3: Use at industrial sites - Industrial use of washing and cleaning products

ES4: Use by professional workers - Professional use in polishes, wax blends, washing and cleaning products

ES5: Consumer use - Consumer end uses

General remarks:

The first tier environmental exposure assessments have at first instance been performed using EUSES v2.1.2 which is part of Chemical Safety Assessment and Reporting tool version 3.6 (CHESAR v3.6).

This substance is classified as having the potential to induce eye irritation (H319). However, the available data do not provide quantitative doseresponse information. In these circumstances, Qualitative Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) is appropriate when there is no basis for setting a DNEL or DMEL, with the aim of reducing or avoiding contact, through the implementation of risk management measures (RMMs) and operational conditions (OCs) that are proportional to the level of concern for the health hazard posed by the substance. Exposures should be controlled to a level that results in an acceptable level of risk (i.e. implementation of the RMMs will ensure that the likelihood of an exposure occurring is negligible, and therefore the risk is considered to be controlled to a level of no concern).

If the user complies with the following generic statements, risks due to eye irritation can be considered to be adequately controlled: Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands. Use suitable eye protection. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any eye contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any eye effects that may develop.

The worker dermal and inhalation exposure assessments for industrial and professional uses have been performed using ECETOC TRA Worker v3 model integrated in the Chemical Safety Assessment and Reporting tool (CHESAR v3.6).

Consumer exposure assessments have been performed using ECETOC TRA v3.1 (R15) model (consumer module) or the AISE REACT Consumer Tool.

Exposure scenario (1): Industrial compounding

1. Exposure scenario (1)

Short title of the exposure scenario:

Industrial compounding

List of use descriptors:

Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15

Environmental release category (ERC): ERC2

List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition.

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes. Covers mixing or blending of solid or liquid materials in the context of manufacturing or formulating sectors, as well as upon end use.

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging and weighing.

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging. PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Filling lines specifically designed to both capture vapour and aerosol emissions and minimise spillage.

PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale laboratory (< 1 l or 1 kg present at workplace).

Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

ERC2 Formulation into mixture.

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/

information requirements r12 en.pdf)

2. Conditions of use affecting exposure 2.1 Control of workers exposure General: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are cleaned immediately. Implementation of the Risk Management Measures (RMMs) will ensure that the likelihood of an exposure occurring is negligible, and therefore the risk is considered to be controlled to a level of no concern. Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=100%. Physical form of the used product: Liquid, including paste/slurry/suspension. Vapour pressure: 3.707 Pa at 40 °C Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day. Human factors not influenced by risk management: Exposed skin surface - PROC1, PROC3, PROC15: 240 cm2 (one hand, face side only). - PROC5, PROC9: 480 cm2 (two hands, face side only). - PROC8a, PROC8b: 960 cm2 (two hands) Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use Process temperature: <= 40 °C Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: - PROC1, PROC3, PROC9, PROC15: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%. - PROC5, PROC8b: Good general ventilation (3-5 air changes per hour): 30%. - PROC8a: Enhanced general ventilation (5-10 air changes per hour): 70%. Local exhaust ventilation: Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required. Eye protection: Yes (chemical resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact). Dermal protection: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%) Additional good practice advice: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks. Minimisation of splashes and spills. Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects. Regular cleaning of equipment and work area. Training staff on good practice. Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations. Product characteristics: Vapour pressure: 0,01 hPa at 20 °C Amounts used: Maximum daily use at a site: 1 ton/day. Maximum annual use at a site: 100 tons/year. Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 20 %. Frequency and duration of use: Emission days: <=100 days/year. Environmental factors not influenced by risk management: Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/day (default) Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure: Indoor use. Industrial use Release fraction to air from process (initial release): 0,025; (final release): 0,025. Local release rate: 25 kg/day. Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release): 0,0007; (final release): 0,0007. Local release rate: 0,7 kg/day. Release fraction to soil from process (final release): 0,0001 Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil: Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (default). Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant: Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Effectiveness Water: 0,526%). Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town) Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. Additional good practice advice:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker TRA v3. Only highest figures are presented here.

Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2.

Health			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	13,71 mg/kg bw/day	0,329	PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	35,88 mg/m3	0,814	PROC9, PROC15
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,978	PROC9
Environment			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Freshwater	0,04 mg/L	0,421	
Freshwater sediment	0,306 mg/kg dw	0,744	
Marine water	0,00395 mg/L	0,439	
Marine water sediment	0,031 mg/kg dw	0,747	
Soil	0,021 mg/kg dw	0,233	
STP	0,348 mg/L	0,035	
Human via environment, Inhalation	0,00191 mg/m3	<0,01	
Human via environment, Oral	0,023 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	
Human via environment, Combined routes	N/A	<0,01	
RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Ex	<pre>kposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=F</pre>	Predicted enviro	nmental concentration.
4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate	e whether he works inside the	boundaries se	t by the ES
are adopted, then users no respirator required. I Environment: Guidance is based on as necessary to define app can be achieved using o	should ensure that risks are ma Duration of activity: <=8 hours/da ssumed operating conditions wh ropriate site-specific risk manag nsite/offsite technologies, either	naged to at leas ay. Concentration ich may not be a ement measures alone or in com	nagement Measures/Operational Conditions st equivalent levels. Indoor use, without LEV, on of substance in mixture/article: <=100%. applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be s. Required removal efficiency for wastewater ibination. If scaling reveals a condition of
	1), additional RMMs or a site-s	pecific chemica	i satety assessment is required.
Exposure scenario (2): Industrial formulation	1		
1. Exposure scenario (2)			
Short title of the exposure scenario:			
Industrial formulation			
List of use descriptors: Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC3, PRO Environmental release setarany (ERC), FRC2	C5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC	9, PROC14, PR	OC15
Environmental release category (ERC): ERC2 List of names of contributing worker scenarios	and corresponding PPOCs:		
PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed p PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemica	process without likelihood of exp	osure or proces ses with occasi	ses with equivalent containment conditions. onal controlled exposure or processes with
equivalent containment condition. PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes. Co			
formulating sectors, as well as upon end use. PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (chargir	ng and discharging) at non-dedic	ated facilities. T	ransfer includes loading, filling, dumping,
bagging and weighing. PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (chargir PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into smal	ng and discharging) at dedicated I containers (dedicated filling line	facilities. Trans e, including weig	fer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging phing). Filling lines specifically designed to bo
capture vapour and aerosol emissions and minimis PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pellet		processing of n	nixtures and/or substances into a defined
shape for further use. PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent. Use of substa	nces at small scale laboratory (-	< 1 or 1 ka pres	sent at workplace).
Name of contributing environmental scenario a ERC2 Formulation into mixture.			- ···
For further information on standardized use descrip	otors see the European Chemica	al Agency (ECH)	A) Guidance on information requirements and
chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use de information_requirements_r12_en.pdf).			
2. Conditions of use affecting exposure			
2.1 Control of workers exposure			
General:			
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygi cleaned immediately. Implementation of the Risk M negligible, and therefore the risk is considered to b	/lanagement Measures (RMMs)	will ensure that	
Product characteristics:			
Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=10	0%.		
Physical form of the used product: Liquid, including			
Vapour pressure: 3,707 Pa at 40 °C			
Frequency and duration of use/exposure:			

Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.

Human factors not influenced by risk managem	ent [.]		
Exposed skin surface:	6nt.		
- PROC1, PROC3, PROC15: 240 cm2 (one hand, f			
- PROC5, PROC9, PROC14: 480 cm2 (two hands, - PROC8a, PROC8b: 960 cm2 (two hands).	face side only).		
Other given operational conditions affecting wo	rkers exposure:		
Location: Indoor use.	•		
Domain: Industrial use.			
Process temperature: <= 40 °C.			
Technical conditions and measures to control d General ventilation:	lispersion from source toward	is the worker:	
- PROC1, PROC3, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: Ba	asic general ventilation (1-3 air o	hanges per hou	ur): 0%.
- PROC5, PROC8b: Good general ventilation (3-5 a	air changes per hour): 30%.	5 1	
- PROC8a: Enhanced general ventilation (5-10 air o	changes per hour): 70%.		
Local exhaust ventilation: Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management Syste	m: Advanced		
Conditions and measures related to personal pr		avaluation:	
Respiratory protection: Not required.	otection, hygiene and health		
Eye protection: Yes (chemical resistant face shield,	goggles or safety glasses with s	side shields whe	en there is potential for direct contact).
Dermal protection: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%).			
Additional good practice advice:			
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygie Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.	ene are maintained.		
Minimisation of splashes and spills.			
Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and c	objects.		
Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.			
Training staff on good practice. Management/supervision in place to check that RM	Me in place are being used corr	ectly and OCa f	allowed
2.2 Control of environmental exposure	INS IT place are being used corr	ectly and OCS in	ollowed.
General:			
All risk management measures utilised must also co	omply with all relevant local requ	llations.	
Product characteristics:			
Vapour pressure: 0,01 hPa at 20 °C			
Amounts used:			
Maximum daily use at a site: 1 ton/day.			
Maximum annual use at a site: 100 tons/year. Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 20 %	,		
Frequency and duration of use:			
Emission days: <=100 days/year.			
Environmental factors not influenced by risk ma			
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/			
Other given operational conditions affecting environments of the second	vironmental exposure:		
Industrial use.			
Release fraction to air from process (initial release)	: 0,025; (final release): 0,025. Lo	cal release rate	e: 25 kg/day.
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial	release): 0,0007; (final release)	: 0,0007. Local	release rate: 0,7 kg/day.
Release fraction to soil from process (final release)			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to re Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defa		missions and I	releases to soil:
Conditions and measures related to municipal s			
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Effe			
Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >			
Conditions and measures related to external tre			tions
External treatment and disposal of waste should co Conditions and measures related to external red		i nauonai regula	ລແບເເວ .
External recovery and recycling of waste should con		national regula	tions.
Additional good practice advice:			
All risk management measures utilised must also co	omply with all relevant local regu	llations.	
5. Exposure estimation and reference to its sour		re presented he	ere.
•	r TRA v3. Only highest fidures a		
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker	r TRA v3. Only highest figures a		
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2.	r TRA v3. Only highest figures a		
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2.	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2. Health Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u> 0.329	
Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2. Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	Exposure estimate/PEC 13,71 mg/kg bw/day	0,329	PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2. Health Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC		

Environment				
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>	
Freshwater	0,04 mg/L	0,421		

Effect/Compartment		Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	<u>Notes</u>
Freshwater sediment		0,306 mg/kg dw	0,744	
Marine water		0,00395 mg/L	0,439	
Marine water sediment		0,031 mg/kg dw	0,747	
Soil		0,021 mg/kg dw	0,233	
STP		0,348 mg/L	0,035	
Human via environment,	Inhalation	0,00191 mg/m3	<0,01	
Human via environment,	Oral	0,023 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	
Human via environment,		N/A	<0,01	
RCR=Risk characterization	n ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exp	osure estimate/DNEL);	redicted enviro	nmental concentration.
		whether he works inside the		-
Environment:	Conditions outlined in Sec are adopted, then users sl no respirator required. Du Guidance is based on ass	tion 2 are implemented. Where nould ensure that risks are mar iration of activity: <=8 hours/da umed operating conditions whi	other Risk Man aged to at leas y. Concentration ch may not be a	Risk Management Measures/Operational nagement Measures/Operational Conditions t equivalent levels. Indoor use, without LEV, on of substance in mixture/article: <=100%. applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be s. Required removal efficiency for wastewater
	can be achieved using on	site/offsite technologies, either	alone or in com	bination. If scaling reveals a condition of safety assessment is required.
	Use at industrial sites	 Industrial use of washing 	and cleanin	g products
1. Exposure scenario (3)				
Short title of the exposure Use at industrial sites - Inc		cleaning products		
List of use descriptors:	asalal use of washing diff	rolating products		
Product category (PC): PC	35			
Process category (PROC)	: PROC1, PROC2, PROC	4, PROC7, PROC8b, PROC10	, PROC13	
Environmental release cat				
		nd corresponding PROCs:	sure or proces	ses with equivalent containment conditions.
				posure or processes with equivalent
containment conditions.	···· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······		······································
PROC4 Chemical product	on where opportunity for e	xposure arises.		
PROC7 Industrial spraying centrifugation, applicable f		s i.e. dispersion into air (= atom	ization) by e.g.	pressurized air, hydraulic pressure or
		and discharging) at dedicated	facilities. Trans	fer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging.
				hesives or cleaning agents to surfaces with
potential exposure arising				
PROC13 Treatment of arti				
Name of contributing en		al site (no inclusion into or onto	article)	
Further explanations:	processing and at industria			
PC35 Washing and cleaning	ng products.			
chemical safety assessme	nt, Chapter R.12: Use des	ors see the European Chemica criptor system (http://guidance.	Agency (ECH/ echa.europa.e	 A) Guidance on information requirements and
information_requirements_ 2. Conditions of use affect				
2.1 Control of workers ex				
General:				
cleaned immediately. Imp	lementation of the Risk Ma		vill ensure that	ng are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are the likelihood of an exposure occurring is
Product characteristics:				
Concentration of substance				
Physical form of the used		easte/slurry/suspension.		
Vapour pressure: 3,707 Pa				
Frequency and duration Duration of activity: <=8 ho				
Human factors not influe		nt:		
Exposed skin surface:				
- PROC1: 240 cm2 (one h				
- PROC2, PROC4, PROC		ace side only).		
 PROC8b, PROC10: 960 PROC7: 1500 cm2 (two I 				
Other given operational		kers exposure:		
Location: Indoor use.	U ·	•		
Domain: Industrial use.				
Process temperature: <= 4	0.00			

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker:

Marine water

Soil

STP

Marine water sediment

Human via environment, Inhalation

SDS Name: Kalama" Florosol A			
General ventilation:			
- PROC1, PROC2, PROC4: Basic general ventilation		%.	
 PROC7, PROC8b: Good general ventilation (3-5 ai PROC10, PROC13: Enhanced general ventilation (1%	
Local exhaust ventilation: Unless otherwise stated, N		//0.	
- PROC7: Yes (95% effectiveness).			
Occupational Health and Safety Management Syster			
Conditions and measures related to personal pro Respiratory protection: Not required.	otection, hygiene and health	evaluation:	
Eye protection: Yes (chemical resistant face shield, g	poggles or safety glasses with	side shields whe	en there is potential for direct contact).
Dermal protection:			······································
- PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC13: No	(Effectiveness Dermal: 0%).		2004
- PROC7, PROC10: Yes (chemically resistant gloves	s conforming to EN374) (Effect	iveness Dermal:	80%).
Additional good practice advice: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygier	ne are maintained		
Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.	le are maintained.		
Minimisation of splashes and spills.			
Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and ob	ojects.		
Regular cleaning of equipment and work area. Training staff on good practice.			
Management/supervision in place to check that RMN	<i>I</i> s in place are being used corr	ectly and OCs fo	ollowed.
2.2 Control of environmental exposure			
General:			
All risk management measures utilised must also con	mply with all relevant local regu	ulations.	
Product characteristics:			
Vapour pressure: 0,01 hPa at 20 °C			
Amounts used: Maximum daily use at a site: 0,009 ton/day.			
Maximum annual use at a site: 0,009 ton/day.			
Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 %.			
Frequency and duration of use:			
Emission days: <=220 days/year.			
Environmental factors not influenced by risk man			
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/d Other given operational conditions affecting envir			
Industrial use.	ironmental exposure.		
Release fraction to air from process (initial release):1	1,00; (final release): 1,00. Loca	l release rate: 9	kg/day.
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial r		,10. Local releas	se rate: 0,9 kg/day.
Release fraction to soil from process (final release):			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to red Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defau	luce or limit discharges, air e	emissions and r	eleases to soll:
Conditions and measures related to municipal se			
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Effect			
Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=	=2000 m3/day (standard ťown).		
Conditions and measures related to external trea			
External treatment and disposal of waste should con		r national regula	tions.
Conditions and measures related to external record External recovery and recycling of waste should com		r national regula	tions
Additional good practice advice:	ipiy with applicable local and/o	r national regula	lions.
All risk management measures utilised must also con	mply with all relevant local requ	ulations.	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source			
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker		re presented he	re.
Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2.			
Health			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	13,71 mg/kg bw/day	0,329	PROC8b, PROC13
	10,7 T Hig/Kg DW/day		
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation		0,814	PROC4
	35,88 mg/m3	0,814 0.978	PROC4 PROC4
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Environment		0,814 0,978	PROC4 PROC4
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Environment	35,88 mg/m3 N/A	0,978	PROC4
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Environment Effect/Compartment	35,88 mg/m3 N/A Exposure estimate/PEC	0,978 <u>RCR</u>	
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Environment	35,88 mg/m3 N/A	0,978	PROC4

0,55

0,935

0,613

0,045

<0,01

0,00495 mg/L

0,038 mg/kg dw

0,055 mg/kg dw

0,448 mg/L

0,015 mg/m3

Effect/Compartment		Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	<u>Notes</u>
Human via environment		0,186 mg/kg dw/day	0,025	
Human via environment,		N/A	0,026	
RCR=Risk characterization	on ratio (PEC/PNEC or	Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=I	Predicted enviro	nmental concentration.
4. Guidance to the Dowr	nstream User to evalu	ate whether he works inside the	boundaries se	t by the ES
Health:	Conditions outlined in are adopted, then use required. Duration of PROC10, PROC13: N	Section 2 are implemented. When ers should ensure that risks are ma activity: <=8 hours/day. Local exh Not required. PROC7: Yes (95% eff gloves conforming to EN374) (Effe	e other Risk Ma naged to at leas aust ventilation: fectiveness). D	e Risk Management Measures/Operational nagement Measures/Operational Condition st equivalent levels. Indoor use, no respirat PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8b, ermal protection: PROC7, PROC10: Yes al: 80%). Concentration of substance in
Environment:	Guidance is based or necessary to define a can be achieved using	n assumed operating conditions wh ppropriate site-specific risk manag	ement measure alone or in com	applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be s. Required removal efficiency for wastewa abination. If scaling reveals a condition of I safety assessment is required.
Exposure scenario (4):	Use by profession	al workers - Professional use	in polishes, w	vax blends, washing and cleaning
products			• •	
1. Exposure scenario (4)				
Short title of the exposu				
	ers - Professional use	in polishes, wax blends, washing a	nd cleaning pro	ducts
List of use descriptors: Product category (PC): P Process category (PROC Environmental release ca): PROC1, PROC2, PF	ROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC ² ERC8d	10, PROC11, PF	ROC13
		os and corresponding PROCs:		
				ses with equivalent containment conditions
containment conditions.	tion or refinery in close	a continuous process with occasio	nal controlled ex	xposure or processes with equivalent
PROC4 Chemical produc	tion where opportunity	for exposure arises.		
PROC8a Transfer of sub			ated facilities. T	ransfer includes loading, filling, dumping,
bagging and weighing.	atawaa ay wixtuwa (ahay	wine and discharging) at dadiastad	fo cilitica Tranc	for includes localing filling dynamics, bougi
				fer includes loading, filling, dumping, baggin hesives or cleaning agents to surfaces with
potential exposure arising			-,	
			= atomization) b	y e.g. pressurized air, hydraulic pressure or
centrifugation, applicable PROC13 Treatment of ar				
		o and corresponding ERCs:		
		sing aid (no inclusion into or onto a	rticle, indoor).	
		sing aid (no inclusion into or onto a		
Further explanations:				
PC31 Polishes and wax b				
PC35 Washing and clear	01	criptors see the European Chemics		A) Guidance on information requirements a
		e descriptor system (http://guidance		
information_requirements	_r12_en.pdf).		·	
2. Conditions of use affe				
2.1 Control of workers e	xposure			
General:	larda of accurational b	valono aro maintainad Cracking -	oting and drive in	a are prohibited at the workshape. On:
				ng are prohibited at the workplace. Spills ar the likelihood of an exposure occurring is
		b be controlled to a level of no cond		
Product characteristics				
Concentration of substan				
- PROC1, PROC2: <=10(- PROC4, PROC8a, PRC		11 PROC13: <=5.0%		
		ling paste/slurry/suspension.		
Vapour pressure: 3,707 F				
Frequency and duration	of use/exposure:			
Duration of activity: <=8 h	-			
Human factors not influ	enced by risk manag	ement:		
Exposed skin surface: - PROC1: 240 cm2 (one l	hand face side only)			
- PROC2, PROC4, PROC		ds, face side only).		
- PROC8a, PROC8b, PR - PROC11: 1500 cm2 (tw	OC10: 960 cm2 (two h	ands).		

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Professional use.

Soil

Process temperature: <= 40 °C.			
Technical conditions and measures to control d			
General ventilation: Unless otherwise stated, Basic		nges per hour): (0%.
 PROC11: Good general ventilation (3-5 air change Local exhaust ventilation: Unless otherwise stated, 	Not required.		
- PROC11: Yes (80% effectiveness).			
Occupational Health and Safety Management Syste			
Conditions and measures related to personal pr	otection, hygiene and health	evaluation:	
Respiratory protection: Not required. Eye protection: Yes (chemical resistant face shield,	goggles or safety glasses with	side shields whe	on there is potential for direct contact)
Dermal protection:			
- PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PI			%).
- PROC11: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conform	ning to EN374) (Effectiveness D	Dermal: 80%).	
Additional good practice advice: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygic	ane are maintained		
Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.	are maintained.		
Minimisation of splashes and spills.			
Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and o	bjects.		
Regular cleaning of equipment and work area. Training staff on good practice.			
Management/supervision in place to check that RM	Ms in place are being used corr	ectly and OCs f	ollowed.
2.2 Control of environmental exposure		y	
General:			
All risk management measures utilised must also co	omply with all relevant local regu	ulations.	
Product characteristics:			
Vapour pressure: 0,01 hPa at 20 °C Amounts used:			
Daily wide dispersive use: 0,00022 tons/day.			
Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 %			
Frequency and duration of use:			
Emission days: <=365 days/year.			
Wide dispersive use.			
Environmental factors not influenced by risk ma Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/o			
Other given operational conditions affecting en			
Indoor/Outdoor use.	•••••		
Professional use.			
Release fraction to air from process (initial release). Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial			aa rata: 0.22 ka/day
Release fraction to soil from process (final release):		,00. Local relea	se rate. 0,22 kg/day.
- ERC8a: 0,00.			
- ERC8d: 0,20.			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to re-		emissions and	releases to soil:
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defa	/		
Conditions and measures related to municipal s Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Effe			
Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >	=2000 m3/day (standard town).		
Conditions and measures related to external tre	,		
External treatment and disposal of waste should con		r national regula	ations.
Conditions and measures related to external rec			
External recovery and recycling of waste should cor	mply with applicable local and/o	r national regula	tions.
Additional good practice advice: All risk management measures utilised must also co	mply with all relevant local requ	lations	
	1,		
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its sour Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v3.6 Worker		ire presented ba	are
Assessment method-nealth. CheSAR V3.0 Worker Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2.	The volume of the second secon	no presenteu ne	ло.
Health			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	5,486 mg/kg bw/day	0,132	PROC10
		0,132	
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	35,88 mg/m3	,	PROC2, PROC8a, PROC10
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Environment	N/A	0,945	PROC10
	Exposuro ostimato/BEC	PCP	Notos
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes
Freshwater	0,016 mg/L	0,167	PROC8a, PROC8d
Freshwater sediment	0,121 mg/kg dw	0,295	PROC8a, PROC8d
Marine water	0,00157 mg/L	0,174	PROC8a, PROC8d
Marine water sediment	0,012 mg/kg dw	0,296	PROC8a, PROC8d
Soil	0.00729 ma/ka.dw	0.081	PROC8a PROC8d

0,081

PROC8a, PROC8d

0,00729 mg/kg dw

Effect/Compartment		Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>	
STP		0,109 mg/L	0,011	PROC8a, PROC8d	
Human via environment,	Inhalation	0,00000333 mg/m3	<0,01	PROC8a, PROC8d	
Human via environment,	Oral	0,000814 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	PROC8a, PROC8d	
Human via environment,		N/A	<0,01	PROC8a, PROC8d	
RCR=Risk characterization	on ratio (PEC/PNEC or Ex	<pre>kposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=F</pre>	Predicted enviro	nmental concentration.	
4. Guidance to the Dowr	stream User to evaluate	e whether he works inside the	boundaries se	t by the ES	
Health:	Predicted exposures are	not expected to exceed the DN	(M)EL when the	Risk Management Measures/Operational	
	are adopted, then users required. Duration of ac protection: PROC11: Ye	should ensure that risks are mai tivity: <=8 hours/day. Local exha s (chemically resistant gloves co nce in mixture/article: PROC1, P	naged to at leas aust ventilation: informing to EN	nagement Measures/Operational Conditions at equivalent levels. Indoor use, no respirator PROC11: Yes (80% effectiveness). Dermal 374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 80%). b. PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10,	
Environment:				applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be	
	necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewate can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.				
Exposure scenario (5):		sumer end uses			
1. Exposure scenario (5)					
Short title of the exposu					
Consumer use - Consum	er end uses				
List of use descriptors:		C25 DC20			
Product category (PC): Pe Environmental release ca					
		nd corresponding ERCs:			
		g aid (no inclusion into or onto ar	ticle, indoor).		
ERC8d Widespread use	of non-reactive processing	g aid (no inclusion into or onto ar	ticle, outdoor).		
Further explanations:					
PC3 Air care products.					
		ated (mini-aerosol, timed release	aerosol)(AISE (C17).	
 CS2: Air fresheners non CS3: Air fresheners non 					
PC31 Polishes and wax b					
		d) - spray (furniture, shoes)(AISE	C20).		
PC35 Washing and clean			,		
- CS5: Laundry regular (li					
- CS6: Fabric conditioners		E C3)			
- CS7: Laundry additives					
 CS8: Hand dishwashing CS9: Machine dishwash 		<u>= C5)</u> .			
- CS10: Surface cleaners					
- CS12: Surface cleaners					
- CS13: Surface cleaners					
- CS13: Laundry aids (iro		2).			
- CS14: Wipes (bathroom) (AISE C15).				
PC8 Biocidal products. - CS15: Insecticides (liqui	d electric enrav neat)				
- CS16: Repellents.	a deciric, spray lical).				
PC28 Perfumes, fragrand					
PC39 Cosmetics, persona	al care products (CS18).				
				A) Guidance on information requirements and	
chemical safety assessme	ent, Chapter R.12: Use de	escriptor system (http://guidance	.echa.europa.eu	u/docs/guidance_document/	
		ic.org/Industry-support/Implemer		I Industry Council) Specific Environmental	
2. Conditions of use affe				anoo/.	
2.1 Control of consumer					
General:	orhogene				
	PC39): Risk assessment	t only required for the environme	nt under REACI	H as human health is covered by alternative	
legislation.					
Product characteristics	:				
Concentration of substan					
- CS4, CS11: <=0,1%.					
- CS1: <=0,25%.					
- CS13: <=0,5%.					
- CS5, CS7-CS9: <=1%.	4: <-20/				

- CS5, CS7-CS9: <=1%. - CS6, CS10, CS12, CS14: <=2%. - CS3: <=10%. - CS2: <=100%. Physical form of the used product: Liquid.

Exposure via inhalation route: CS1-CS4, CS11, CS13: Yes. CS5-CS10, CS12, CS14: Not relevant. Exposure via dermal route: CS1-CS3, CS9: Dermal exposure assumed to be negligible. CS4-CS8, CS10-CS14: Yes. Oral contact foreseen: CS1-CS7, CS10-CS14: No. CS8, CS9: Yes. Spray: CS1, CS4, CS11, CS13: Yes. CS2, CS3, CS5-CS10, CS12, CS14: No.

Amounts used:

Applied amounts for each use event:

- CS1: <=8.4 g.
- CS2: <=0,00174 g.
- CS3: <=0,00072 g.
- CS4: total mass sprayed per use <=60000 mg (inhalation); concentration in wash solution <=1000 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- CS5: concentration in wash solution <=1000 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- CS6: <=90 g; concentration in wash solution <=10 mg/m3 (dermal).
- CS7: <=100 g; concentration in wash solution <=1000 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- CS8, CS9: concentration in wash solution <=1 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- CS10: concentration in wash solution <=22 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- CS11: total mass sprayed per use <=30000 mg (inhalation); concentration in wash solution <=1000 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- CS12: concentration in wash solution <=8 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- CS13: <=20 g; total mass sprayed per use <=20000 mg (inhalation).
- CS14: concentration in wash solution <=1000 mg/cm3 (dermal).
- Time weight average concentration predicted using the BAMA indoor air single spray model (TWA BAMA):
- CS1: 6,619 mg/m3.
- CS2: 20,795 mg/m3.
- CS3: 0,137 mg/m3.

Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

Duration covers exposure up to:

- CS5-CS7, CS11, CS14: 0,167 hours/event.
- CS1, CS2: 0,25 hours/event.
- CS10, CS12: 0,33 hours/event.
- CS8: 0,75 hours/event.
- CS4, CS13: 1 hour/event.
- CS3: 4 hours/event.
- Frequency: covers use frequency: frequent use per year.
- CS4, CS14: up to 0,43 times/day.
- CS13: up to 0,71 times/day.
- CS1- CS3, CS9-CS12: up to 1 time/day.
- CS7: up to 1,1 times/day.
- CS6: up to 1,4 times/day.
- CS5: up to 2 times/day.
- CS8: up to 3 times/day.

Human factors not influenced by risk management:

Body parts potentially exposed:

- CS4, CS10-CS12, CS14: Hands.
- CS5-CS7: Whole body
- CS8: Hands and forearms.

Inhalation factor = 1.

Dermal transfer factor=1.

Oral transfer factor = 1.

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure:

Location: Indoor use. Body weight: 60 kg. Inhalation exposure model - covers use in room size of: - CS1, CS2: 2,5 m3. - CS11: 15 m3. - CS13: 20 m3. - CS3, CS4: 58 m3. Inhalation rate: - CS1-CS3: 0,54 m3/hour. - CS4, CS11, CS13: 1,08 m3/hour. Skin contact area: - CS4, CS10-CS12, CS14: up to 857,5 cm2. - CS8: up to 2082,5 cm2. - CS6: up to 16398 cm2. - CS5. CS7: up to 17225 cm2. Thickness of product layer in contact with skin: CS4-CS8, CS10-CS12, CS14: 0,01 cm. Fraction of product layer in contact with skin: CS4-CS8, CS10-CS12, CS14: 1. CS13: 0,01. Fraction remaining in final liquor before spinning: CS6, CS7: 0,025. Fraction of liquor remaining in final liquor after final spinning: CS6. CS7: 0.6. Total fabric weight: CS6, CS7: 3500 g. Fabric density: CS6, CS7: 10 mg/cm2. Amount of water left on dishes after rinsing: CS8, CS9: 0,000055 mL/cm2. Area of dishes in daily contact with food: CS8, CS9: 5400 cm2.

Conditions and measures related to information and behavioral advice to consumers:

Assessment tool used: ECETOC TRA v3.1 (R15) model (consumer module) in which: Fragrance concentration in fragranced end-product from the IFRA guidance (2012) is used at Tier 1.5 level consumer risk assessment.

- CS1-CS3: Tier 2 AISE REACT 1.0 Consumer Tool used for inhalation exposure.
 CS4, CS11, CS13: Tier 2 AISE REACT 1.0 Consumer Tool used for inhalation and dermal exposures.
 CS5-CS7, CS10, CS12, CS14: Tier 2 AISE REACT 1.0 Consumer Tool used for dermal exposure.
- CS8: Tier 2 AISE REACT 1.0 Consumer Tool used for dermal and oral exposures.

- CS9: Tier 2 AISE REACT 1.0 Consumer Tool used			
Conditions and measures related to personal pro	tection and hygiene:		
General ventilation: ventilation rate:			
- CS1, CS2: 2 air changes/ hour.			
- CS3: 0.5 air changes/ hour. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure			
General:			
All risk management measures utilised must also co	mply with all relevant local req	ulations.	
Product characteristics:			
Vapour pressure: 0,01 hPa at 20 °C			
Amounts used:			
Daily wide dispersive use: 0,00022 tons/day. Frequency and duration of use:			
Emission days: <=365 days/year.			
Wide dispersive use.			
Environmental factors not influenced by risk man			
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/d			
Other given operational conditions affecting envi	ironmental exposure:		
Indoor/Outdoor use. Consumer use.			
Release fraction to air from process (initial release):	1,00; (final release): 1,00.		
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial r		1,00. Local relea	se rate: 0,22 kg/day.
Release fraction to soil from process (final release): - ERC8a: 0,00.			
- ERC8d: 0,00.			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to red	uce or limit discharges, air	emissions and	releases to soil:
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defau			
Conditions and measures related to municipal se			
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Effec			
Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >= Conditions and measures related to external treat			
External treatment and disposal of waste should con			ations.
Conditions and measures related to external reco	overy of waste:		
External recovery and recycling of waste should com	ply with applicable local and/c	or national regula	ations.
Additional good practice advice:			
All risk management measures utilised must also co		ulations.	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source		· · · · · –	
Assessment method-Health: ECETOC TRA v3.1 (R ⁻ from the IFRA guidance (2012) is used at Tier 1.5 let are presented here.			
Assessment method-Environment: EUSES 2.1.2.			
Health			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Dermal	2,86 mg/kg bw/day	0,114	PC35 (CS14)
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	0,047 mg/m3	<0,01	PC3 (CS2)
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Oral	0,0000495 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	PC35 (CS8, CS9)
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,114	PC35 (CS14)
Environment		-	
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes
Freshwater	0,016 mg/L	0,167	PROC8a, PROC8d
Freshwater sediment	0,121 mg/kg dw	0,295	PROC8a, PROC8d
Marine water	0,00157 mg/L	0,174	PROC8a, PROC8d
Marine water sediment	0,012 mg/kg dw	0,296	PROC8a, PROC8d
Soil	0,00729 mg/kg dw	0,081	PROC8a, PROC8d
STP	0,109 mg/L	0,011	PROC8a, PROC8d
Human via environment, Inhalation	0,00000333 mg/m3	<0,01	PROC8a, PROC8d
Human via environment, Oral	0,000814 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	PROC8a, PROC8d
Human via environment, Combined routes	N/A	<0,01	PROC8a, PROC8d
RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exp			

4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Health:	Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.
Environment:	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.