

# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH)

Revision date: 8/3/2021

Supercedes date: 8/21/2019

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier:	
Product trade name: Company product number: REACH registration number: Substance name: Substance identification number: Other means of identification:	Kalama* Benzaldehyde FCC Low BT BZALDLOW 01-2119455540-44-0007 Benzaldehyde EC 202-860-4, INDEX 605-012-00-5 Benzoic aldehyde, Benzenecarbonal, Benzenecarboxaldehyde
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance of	r mixture and uses advised against:
Uses:	Flavor and fragrance ingredient/additive. Intermediate. See Annex for covered uses.
Uses advised against:	None identified
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data she	eet:
Manufacturer/Supplier:	Emerald Performance Materials, LLC Emerald Kalama Chemical, LLC 1296 NW Third Street Kalama, WA 98625 United States Telephone: +1-360-673-2550
	1499 SE Tech Center Place, Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98683 United States Telephone: +1-360-954-7100
EU Only Representative:	Penman Consulting bvba Avenue des Arts 10 B-1210 Brussels Belgium Telephone: +32 (0) 2 403 7239 email: pcbvba09@penmanconsulting.com
For further information about this SDS:	Email: product.compliance@emeraldmaterials.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number:	

ChemTel (24 hours): 1-800-255-3924 (USA); +1-813-248-0585 (outside USA).

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture:

### Product classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended:

Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 4, H302 Skin Irritation, category 2, H315 Eye Irritation, category 2, H319 Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4, H332 STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI, H335 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, category 2, H411 See Section 2.2 for full text of H (Hazard) statements (EC 1272/2008).

2.2. Label elements:

Product labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended: Hazard pictogram(s):



#### Warning

#### Hazard statements:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Supplemental information:

No Additional Information Precautionary statements are listed according to the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Annex III and ECHA Guidance on Labelling and Packaging. Regulations in individual countries/regions may determine which statements are required on the product label. See product label for specifics.

#### 2.3. Other hazards:

PBT/vPvB criteria:	This product does not meet the PBT and vPvB classification criteria.
Endocrine disrupting properties:	No specific information available.
Other hazards:	BENZALDEHYDE: Combustible. Finely dispersed benzaldehyde may ignite
	spontaneously. May form peroxides in contact with air.

See Section 11 for toxicological information.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance:

<u>CAS-No.</u> 000100-52-7	<u>Chemical Name</u> Benzaldehyde	<u>Weight%</u> 99-100	Classification Acute Tox. 4 Inhalation- Acute Tox. 4 Oral- Aquatic Chronic 2- Eye Irrit. 2- Skin Irrit. 2- STOT SE 3 RTI	<u>H Statements</u> H302-315-319-332- 335-411
<u>CAS-No.</u> 000100-52-7	<u>Chemical Name</u> Benzaldehyde	REACH Reg 01-2119455	<b>jistration No.</b> 540-44-0007	<u>EC/List Number</u> 202-860-4
<u>CAS-No.</u> 000100-52-7	<u>Chemical Name</u> Benzaldehyde	<u>M-factor</u> N/A	<u>SCLs</u> N/E	ATE Oral ATE 1430 mg/kg, Inhalation ATE >1-<5 mg/L

See Section 16 for full text of H (Hazard) statements (EC 1272/2008).

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification. Remaining components are proprietary, non-hazardous, and/or present at amounts below reportable limits.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures:

General: If irritation or other symptoms occur or persist from any route of exposure, remove the affected individual from the area: see a physician/get medical attention.

Following eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of clean water for an extended time, not less than fifteen (15) minutes. Flush longer if there is any indication of residual chemical in the eye. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers and roll eyes in a circular motion. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Following skin contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash the affected area with plenty of soap and water until no evidence of the chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Launder clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Following inhalation: If affected, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Following ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse out the mouth with water. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first aid responders: Wear proper personal protective clothing and equipment.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Dizziness, Drowsiness, Headache, Irritation, Nausea. Preexisting sensitization, skin and/or respiratory disorders or diseases may be aggravated. See section 11 for additional information.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media:

Suitable: Use dry chemical, "alcohol" foam, carbon dioxide or water spray.

Unsuitable: None known.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

**Unusual fire/explosion hazards:** Issue warning: combustible liquid. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate the area. If spill is large, be prepared to isolate the hazard area. Deny access to the spill area to persons who are not involved in the cleanup and/or who have not been properly trained in spill management of hazardous/flammable liquids. Vapors may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Run off to sewer may cause a fire or explosion hazard. Protect product from flames of any kind; maintain proper clearance when using heat devices, etc. Closed container may rupture (due to build up in pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. Product may burn if an ignition source is present. BENZALDEHYDE: Finely dispersed benzaldehyde may ignite spontaneously. Rags used to wipe up spills or activated carbon used to absorb vapors of benzaldehyde have been known to ignite spontaneously. Benzaldehyde has a low autoignition temperature and can be ignited by exposed low pressure steam piping or other heated surfaces. Explosion is possible above the upper explosion limit due to the partial oxidation of benzaldehyde to benzoic acid. May form peroxides in contact with air.

**Hazardous combustion products:** Irritating or toxic substances will be emitted upon burning, combustion or decomposition. See section 10 (10.6 Hazardous decomposition products) for additional information.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters:

Use water/water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures and to dilute spills to non-combustible mixtures. Do not flush combustible liquids into sewer as a fire or vapor explosion hazard may result. Never direct a hose stream directly onto a burning flammable/combustible liquid. Solid or straight hose stream will cause fire to spread if directed onto a burning spill or into an open container of burning liquid. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) equipped with a full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand mode (or other positive pressure mode) and approved protective clothing. Personnel without suitable respiratory protection must leave the area to prevent significant exposure to hazardous gases from combustion, burning or decomposition. In an enclosed or poorly ventilated area, wear SCBA during cleanup immediately after a fire as well as during the attack phase of firefighting operations.

See section 9 for additional information.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment. Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate areas of spill. Personal Protective Equipment must be worn.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions:

Do not flush liquid into public sewer, water systems or surface waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain by diking with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Wear proper personal protective clothing and equipment. Absorb spill with an inert material. Place into labeled, closed container; store in safe location to await disposal. Change contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

#### 6.4. References to other sections:

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protection and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling:

As with any chemical product, use good laboratory/workplace procedures. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near the

container. Do not breathe dust, vapor, aerosol, mist or gas. Do not ingest, taste, or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling this product. Always wash up before eating, smoking or using the facilities. Use under well-ventilated conditions. Avoid eye and skin contact. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in the work area. Bond and ground all containers when transferring chemical. Eliminate ignition sources (e.g., sparks, static buildup, excessive heat, etc.). Use spark-proof tools and equipment. Vapors may travel to distant ignition sources.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in combustible storage area and away from heat and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. Store under well-ventilated conditions. Keep container upright, when not in use, to prevent leakage. Avoid storing containers in direct sunlight as vapors may accumulate in the head space creating pressure. Store this material away from incompatible substances (see section 10). Do not store in open, unlabeled or mislabeled containers. Keep container closed when not in use. Emptied container may contain residual vapors or liquid which may ignite or explode. Do not reuse empty container without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Bond and ground all containers when transferring chemical. Avoid storage in aluminum or iron containers. Product can easily oxidize. It is recommended that opened containers be padded with nitrogen. Protect from light. Storage tank openings should be inspected frequently since benzoic acid can form from oxidation of product and may clog openings.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s):

Further information concerning special risk management measures: see annex of this safety data sheet (exposure scenarios).

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters:

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Occupational exposure limits (OEL):				
Chemical Name	EU OELV	EU IOELV	ACGIH - TWA/Ceiling	ACGIH - STEL
Benzaldehyde	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
Chemical Name	UK WEL	Ireland OEL		
Benzaldehyde	N/E	N/E		
N/E=Not established (no exposure limits established for the listed substances for listed country/region/organization).				

#### Derived No Effect Levels (DNELs):

<u>Benzaldenyde</u>					
Population	Route	Acute (local)	Acute (systemic)	Long Term (local)	Long Term (systemic)
Workers	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	9,8 mg/m3	9,8 mg/m3
Workers	Dermal	1% in mixture (weight basis)	N/E	N/E	1,14 mg/kg bw/day
General population	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	4,9 mg/m3	4,9 mg/m3
General population	Dermal	1% in mixture (weight basis)	N/E	N/E	0,67 mg/kg bw/day
General population	Oral	N/E	N/E	N/E	0,67 mg/kg bw/day
Human via the environment	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	N/E	4,9 mg/m3
Human via the environment	Oral	N/E	N/E	N/E	0,67 mg/kg bw/day

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNECs):

Benzaldehyde	
Compartment	PNEC
Freshwater	0,00041 mg/L
Freshwater sediment	0,004 mg/kg dw
Marine water	0,000041 mg/L
Marine water sediment	0,0004 mg/kg dw
Intermittent releases	0,011 mg/L
Soil	0,0005 mg/kg dw
STP	7,59 mg/L
Oral	No potential for bioaccumulation

N/E=Not established; N/A=Not applicable (not required); bw=body weight; dw=dry weight; ww=wet weight.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Appropriate engineering controls: Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to draw spray, aerosol, fume, mist and vapor away from workers to prevent routine inhalation. Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS. Eliminate ignition sources (e.g., sparks, static buildup, excessive heat, etc.).

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses or goggles required.

Hand protection: Avoid skin contact when mixing or handling the material by wearing impervious and chemical resistant gloves. In case of prolonged immersion or frequently repeated contact, gloves with breakthrough times greater than 480 minutes (protection class 6) are recommended. For brief contact or splash applications, gloves with breakthrough times of 30 minutes or greater are recommended (protection class 2 or greater). Suggested materials for protective gloves: Butyl rubber, Viton. Incompatible materials: neoprene / natural rubber / nitrile / PVC. The protective gloves to be used must

comply with the specifications of the Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the resultant standard EN 374. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage (e.g. frequency and duration of contact, other chemicals which may be handled, chemical resistance of glove material and dexterity). Always seek advice of the glove supplier as to the most suitable glove material. **Skin and body protection:** Use good laboratory/workplace procedures including personal protective clothing: labcoat, safety glasses and protective gloves.

**Respiratory protection:** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear an approved respirator (e.g., an organic vapor respirator, a full face air purifying respirator for organic vapors, or a self-contained breathing apparatus) whenever exposure to aerosol, mist, spray, fume or vapor exceed the applicable exposure limit(s) of any chemical substance listed in this SDS.

Further information: Eyewash fountains and safety showers are recommended in the work area.

Environmental exposure controls: See Sections 6 and 12.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Colorless to light yellow
Odour:	Almond
Odour threshold:	Not Available
Melting point/Freezing point:	-26 °C (-15 °F) @ 760 mm Hg
Boiling point °C:	179 °C @760 mm Hg
Boiling point °F:	354 °F @760 mm Hg
Flammability:	Combustible liquid (Flammable liquid category 4)
Lower and upper explosion limit:	LEL: 1.4%
	UEL: 8.5%
Flash point:	62-64 °C (144-147 °F) Closed Cup
Auto-ignition temperature:	192 °C (378 °F)
Decomposition temperature:	Not Available
pH:	Not Available
Kinematic viscosity:	1.27 mm2/s (1.321 mPa.s) @ 25 °C
Solubility in water:	6.95 g/l @ 25°C
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	1.4 @ 25°C
Vapour pressure:	169 Pa @ 25°C
Density and/or relative density:	1.041-1.046 @ 25°C
Relative vapour density:	3.66 (Air=1)
Particle characteristics:	Not Applicable
% Volatile by weight:	100%
VOC:	100%
Surface tension:	70.5 mN/m @ 20 °C (1 g/L)

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification.

### 9.2. Other information:

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties: Not explosive Oxidising properties: Not oxidizing

### Other safety characteristics:

Evaporation rate: 0.04 (Butyl acetate=1)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity:

BENZALDEHYDE: Benzaldehyde readily undergoes oxidation by air to form benzoic acid.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability:

This product is stable. BENZALDEHYDE: Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Benzaldehyde readily undergoes oxidation by air, particularly in the presence of minute traces of iron or on exposure to light. May discolor on exposure to light or air.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur. BENZALDEHYDE: May form peroxides in contact with air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid:

BENZALDEHYDE: Avoid exposure to air, light, moisture, ignition sources and elevated temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials:

Reacts violently with peroxyformic acid. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, bases, iron, phenol, aluminum, brass, copper, bronze, alkali metals and oxygen. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubbers, and coatings.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, peroxides, benzoic acid.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity: Harmful if inhaled - Category 4. Harmful if swallowed - Category 4.

Chemical Name BenzaldehydeInhalation LC50 > 1-<5 mg/L (4 hours)							
Chemical Name Benzaldehyde     Skin irritation Mild-moderate irritant     Species Weight of evidence       Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation - Category 2.     Species       Chemical Name     Eye irritation					Rat/ adult	>2000 mg/kg (based	
Benzaldehyde     Mild-moderate irritant     Weight of evidence       Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation - Category 2.     Eye irritation     Species       Chemical Name     Eye irritation     Species	Skin corrosion/irritation: Cause	s skin irritation - Cateo	gory 2.				
Chemical Name Eye irritation Species			irritant		fevidence		
	Serious eye damage/irritation:	Causes serious eye ir	ritation - Ca	ategory 2.			
					dult		

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Chemical Name	Skin sensitisation	Species
Benzaldehyde	Non-sensitizer	Guinea pig and Human

**Carcinogenicity:** Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). BENZALDEHYDE: Under the conditions of the two year gavage study, there was no evidence of carcinogenic activity of benzaldehyde for male or female 344/N rats receiving 200 or 400 mg/kg bw/day. NOAEL (carcinogenicity), rat: >400 mg/kg bw/day. Under the conditions of the two year gavage study, there was some evidence of carcinogenic activity of benzaldehyde for male and female mice at 300 mg/kg bw/day and above, as indicated by increased incidences of squamous cell papillomas (benign) and hyperplasia of the forestomach. LOAEL (chronic), mice: >300 mg/kg bw/day. No carcinomas were observed. It cannot be excluded that the observed effects on the forestomach are related to the irritant properties of benzaldehyde.

**Germ cell mutagenicity:** Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). BENZALDEHYDE: Several In-vitro mutation studies (bacteria reverse mutation (Ames OECD 471), mouse lymphoma (OECD 490), micronucleus (OECD 487)) were negative with and without metabolic activation. Mutagenic effects have been observed on tests in the mouse lymphoma, sister chromatid exchanges (in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells) and chromosome aberrations (in Chinese hamster lung (CHL) cells) assays. Mutagenicity was negative in in-vivo sex-linked recessive lethal mutation assays with Drosophila melanogaster. No adequate in vivo data are available that confirm the weakly positive in-vitro results.

**Reproductive toxicity:** Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). BENZALDEHYDE - READ-ACROSS: Reproductive toxicity (benzoic acid), 4-generation oral study in rats: NOAEL (no-observed adverse-effect-level) of 500 mg/kg/day. Developmental toxicity (sodium benzoate), oral, rats and mice: NOAEL of >=175 mg/kg bw/day can be established for developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:** May cause respiratory irritation - Category 3. BENZALDEHYDE: Based on acute inhalation toxicity studies on sensory irritation, it cannot be excluded that benzaldehyde induces sensory irritation in rodents.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure:** Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). BENZALDEHYDE: Repeated dose toxicity study, rat, inhalation (vapor), 14 days: LOAEC (Lowest-Observed-Adverse-Effect-Concentration) - 2200 mg/m3. Repeated dose (long-term inclusive) oral toxicity studies showed a LOAEL (Lowest-Observed-Adverse-Effect-Level) of 300 mg/kg bw/day (mouse); NOAEL (No-Observed-Adverse-Effect-Level), oral, rat - 400 mg/kg bw/day.

Aspiration hazard: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Other toxicity information: No additional information available.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure:

**General:** Caution must be exercised through the prudent use of protective equipment and handling procedures to minimize exposure. BENZALDEHYDE: Liver, kidney, and central nervous system effects have been observed during testing in laboratory animals.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Skin:** Causes skin irritation. May be absorbed through the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may defat the skin and may cause contact dermatitis. Sensitive individuals may develop a rash from contact with benzaldehyde.

**Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. May act as a local anesthetic and narcotic at high concentrations. Inhalation of concentrated vapors may irritate the nose and throat and may produce central nervous system depression with possible respiratory failure. Overexposure may cause nausea, headache and vomiting.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Overexposure may cause nausea, headache and vomiting.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties: No specific information available.

Other information: No additional information available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity:

Chemical Name	Species	Acute	Acute	<u>Chronic</u>
Benzaldehyde	Fish	LC50 1.07 mg/L (96 hours)	LC50 11.2 mg/L(96 hours)	NOEC 0.12 mg/L (7 days)
Benzaldehyde	Invertebrates	EC50 19.7 mg/L (48 hours) (geometric mean measured)	EC50 50 mg/L(24 hours)	N/E
Benzaldehyde	Algae	EC50 33.1 mg/L (72 hours) (growth rate)	EC50 8.05 mg/L(72 hours) (biomass)	EC10 0.021 mg/L (biomass), 0.039 mg/L (growth rate)(72 hours) (geometric mean measured)
Benzaldehyde	Micro-organisms	EC50 759 mg/L (3 hours)		(3)
Persistence and degradabilit	<b>y</b> :			
Chemical Name Benzaldehyde				
	Benzaldehyde Benzaldehyde Benzaldehyde Benzaldehyde Persistence and degradabilit	Benzaldehyde Fish Benzaldehyde Algae Benzaldehyde Algae Benzaldehyde Micro-organisms Persistence and degradability: Chemical Name Bioder	Benzaldehyde       Fish       LC50 1.07 mg/L (96 hours)         Benzaldehyde       Invertebrates       EC50 19.7 mg/L (48 hours) (geometric mean measured)         Benzaldehyde       Algae       EC50 33.1 mg/L (72 hours) (growth rate)         Benzaldehyde       Micro-organisms       EC50 759 mg/L (3 hours)         Persistence and degradability:       EC50 759 mg/L (3 hours)	Benzaldehyde       Fish       LC50 1.07 mg/L (96 hours)       LC50 1.12 mg/L (96 hours)         Benzaldehyde       Invertebrates       EC50 19.7 mg/L (48 hours)       EC50 50 mg/L (24 hours)         Benzaldehyde       Algae       EC50 33.1 mg/L (72 hours) (growth rate)       EC50 8.05 mg/L (72 hours)         Benzaldehyde       Micro-organisms       EC50 759 mg/L (3 hours)       EC50 8.05 mg/L (72 hours)         Persistence and degradability:       EC50 759 mg/L (3 hours)       EC50 8.05 mg/L (72 hours)

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:

Chemical Name Benzaldehyde

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil:

Chemical Name Benzaldehyde Mobility in soil (Koc/Kow) 56 (calculated)

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)** 

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

This product does not meet the PBT and vPvB classification criteria.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:

No specific information available.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects:

No additional information available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods:

Dispose of unused contents (incineration) in accordance with national and local regulations. Dispose of container in accordance with national and local regulations. Ensure the use of properly authorized waste management companies, where appropriate.

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

The information below is provided to assist in documentation. It may supplement the information on the package. The package in your possession may carry a different version of the label depending on the date of manufacture. Depending on inner packaging quantities and packaging instructions, it may be subject to specific regulatory exceptions.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number: UN1990

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Benzaldehyde

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

U.S. DOT hazard class: 9 Canada TDG hazard class: 9 Europe ADR/RID/ADN hazard class: 9 IMDG Code (ocean) hazard class: 9 <u>Log Kow</u> 1.4 @ 25°C

#### ICAO/IATA (air) hazard class: 9

A "N/A" listing for the hazard class indicates the product is not regulated for transport by that regulation.

#### 14.4. Packing group: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards:

Marine pollutant: Marine Pollutant (IMDG code 2.9.3). Hazardous substance (USA): Not Applicable

### 14.6. Special precautions for user:

Not Applicable

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Europe REACH (EC) 1907/2006:** Applicable components are registered, exempt or otherwise compliant. EU REACH is only relevant to substances either manufactured or imported into the EU. Emerald Performance Materials has met its obligations under the EU REACH regulation. EU REACH information regarding this product is provided for informational purposes only. Each Legal Entity may have differing EU REACH obligations, depending on their place in the supply chain. For material manufactured outside of the EU, the importer of record must understand and meet their specific obligations under the regulation.

EU Authorizations and/or restrictions on use: Not Applicable

#### Other EU information: No Additional Information

National regulations: No Additional Information

#### Chemical inventories:

Regulation	Status
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC):	Y
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):	Y
Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL):	Ν
China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC):	Y
European EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP):	Y
Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS):	Y
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):	Y
Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances (KECL):	Y
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	Y
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):	Y
Taiwan Inventory of Existing Chemicals:	Y
U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (Active):	Y
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A "Y" listing indicates all intentionally added components are either listed or are otherwise compliant with the regulation. A "N" listing indicates that for one or more components: 1) there is no listing on the public inventory (or is not on the ACTIVE inventory for U.S. TSCA); 2) no information is available; or 3) the component has not been reviewed. A "Y" for New Zealand may mean that a qualified group standard may exist for the components in this product.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment:

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the substance or mixture.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Hazard (H) Statements in the Composition section (Section 3):		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Reason for revision: Changes in Section(s): 1, 2, 3, 8, 11, 12, 14, Safety data sheet format (Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

### Evaulation method for classification of mixtures: Not Applicable (substance)

#### Legend:

\* : Trademark owned by Emerald Performance Materials, LLC.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate

EU OELV: European Union Occupational Exposure Limit Value

EU IOELV: European Union Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value N/A: Not Applicable N/E: None Established SCL: Specific concentration limit STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average (exposure for 8-hour workday)

### Users Responsibility/Disclaimer of Liability:

The information set forth herein is based on our current knowledge, and is intended to describe the product solely with respect to health, safety and the environment. As such, it must not be interpreted as a guarantee of any specific property of the product. As a result, the customer shall be solely responsible for deciding whether said information is suitable and beneficial.

Safety Data Sheet Preparer: Product Compliance Department Emerald Performance Materials, LLC 1499 SE Tech Center Place, Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98683 United States

Annex

### Exposure Scenarios

Substance information: Name of substance: Benzaldehyde. EC# 202-860-4 / CAS# 100-52-7 REACH Registration number: 01-2119455540-44-0007

#### List of exposure scenarios:

ES1: Formulation of cosmetics/personal care products

ES2: Formulation of pharmaceuticals

ES3: Formulation of flavouring agent in food

ES4: Formulation of perfumes/fragrances

ES5: Use at industrial sites - Use as an intermediate.

ES6: Consumer use of cosmetics/personal care products

#### General remarks:

Benzaldehyde is used as flavor and fragrance additive in formulation of preparations and as an intermediate for synthesis of other substances. The primary long term routes of industrial exposure are skin contact and inhalation. In an industrial setting, ingestion is not an anticipated route of exposure.

In accordance to the Article 14 (2a-f) of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, exposure estimation and risk characterisation does not need to be performed if the substance in a preparation is less than 1%.

Based on current knowledge there are no preparations / formulations which contain this substance in concentrations > 1% (with exception of the use as a laboratory agent) and therefore the life cycle ends after the formulation and industrial use stage.

The first tier environmental exposure assessments have at first instance been performed using EUSES 2.1.2 which is part of Chemical Safety Assessment and Reporting tool version 3.4 (CHESAR v3.4). Higher tier assessments have been performed if safe use was not demonstrated using first tier assessments. In these cases Specific Environmental Release Categories (SpERCs) have been used or release fractions have been defined according to the A&B-tables in Appendix 1 of the Technical Guidance Document on Risk Assessment, Part II (2003).

The first tier worker exposure assessments have at first instance been performed using Worker TRA v3 which is part of Chemical Safety Assessment and Reporting tool version 3.4 (CHESAR v3.4).

#### Exposure scenario (1): Formulation of cosmetics/personal care products

1. Exposure scenario (1)

Short title of the exposure scenario:

Formulation of cosmetics/personal care products

List of use descriptors:

Product category (PC): PC39

Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15

Environmental release category (ERC): ERC2 (Cosmetics Europe (CE) SpERC 2.1c.v2)

### List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition.

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes. Covers mixing or blending of solid or liquid materials in the context of manufacturing or formulating sectors, as well as upon end use.

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging and weighing.

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging.

PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Filling lines specifically designed to both capture vapour and aerosol emissions and minimise spillage.

PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation. This covers processing of mixtures and/or substances into a defined shape for further use.

PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale laboratory (< 1 l or 1 kg present at workplace).

#### Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

#### ERC2 Formulation into mixture.

SpERC Cosmetics Europe (CE): Formulation of low viscosity liquids (SpERC CE 2.1c.v2).

#### Further explanations:

PC39 Cosmetics, personal care products.

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance\_document/ information\_requirements\_r12\_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental Release Categories (SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.

#### 2. Conditions of use affecting exposure 2.1 Control of workers exposure

#### General:

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are cleaned immediately.

#### Product characteristics:

Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.

Physical state: liquid.

Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C

### Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure:

Location: Indoor use.

Domain: Industrial use

Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker:

General ventilation: Unless otherwise stated, Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%.

- PROC8a: Enhanced general ventilation (5-10 air changes per hour): 70%.

Local exhaust ventilation: Unless otherwise stated, Not required.

- PROC5, PROC8a: Yes (90% effectiveness).

Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required.

Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation:

Respiratory protection: Not required.

Dermal protection:

- PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%).

- PROC5, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 80%).

- PROC8a: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with basic employee training) (Effectiveness Dermal: 90%).

#### Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply:

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained.

Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.

Minimisation of splashes and spills.

Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects.

Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.

Training staff on good practice.

Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed.

#### 2.2 Control of environmental exposure

General:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

#### Product characteristics:

Physical state: liquid.

Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C

### Amounts used:

Maximum daily use at a site: 0,00707 ton/day.

Maximum annual use at a site: 2,12 tons/year.

# Fraction of the main local source: 0.02.

# Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days: 300 days/year.

#### Environmental factors not influenced by risk management: Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/day (default).

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure:

### Indoor use.

Industrial use.

Release fraction to air from process (initial release): 0,0; (final release): 0,0. Local release rate: 0 kg/day (SpERC CE 2.1c.v2).

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release): 0,004; (final release): 0,004. Local release rate: 0,028 kg/day (SpERC CE 2.1c.v2). Release fraction to soil from process (final release): 0.0 (SpERC CE 2.1c.v2).

Type of process: Substance applied in aqueous pro	ocess solution with negligible vo	latilization.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to redu		sions and relea	ses to soil:
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defa			
Process efficiency: Process with efficient use of ray			
Equipment cleaning: Equipment cleaned with wate		lewater.	
Conditions and measures related to municipal set Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant:			
Fraction of emissions degraded in STP: Efficiency=			
Conditions and measures related to external treat			
External treatment and disposal of waste should co		or national regula	ations.
Conditions and measures related to external reco			
External recovery and recycling of waste should co			ations.
Additional good practice advice. Obligations acco			
All risk management measures utilised must also c	.,	ulations.	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source			
Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only	0 0 1	ere.	
Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 -	- EUSES v2.1.2.		
Health			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,686 mg/kg bw/day	0,602	PROC9
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	2,211 mg/m3	0,226	PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,827	PROC9
Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation	2,211 mg/m3	0,226	PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15
Worker, short-term, local, Dermal	0,1 mg/cm2	N/A	
Environment			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Freshwater	0,00018 mg/L	0,439	
Freshwater sediment	0,00166 mg/kg dw	0,414	
Marine water	0,0000182 mg/L	0,444	
Marine water sediment	0,000167 mg/kg dw	0,418	

	o,ooo ior ing/itg uw	0,410
Soil	0,000213 mg/kg dw	0,426
STP	0,00176 mg/L	<0,01
Human via environment, Inhalation	0,00000204 mg/m3	<0,01
Human via environment, Oral	0,00000543 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01
Human via environment, Combined routes	N/A	<0,01

RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: The exposure scenario categories consist of a number of activities. An individual worker may conduct one or several of these activities during one shift and a specific PROC or PROCs have been identified as worst-case activities for combined exposure. If parts of the worker's shift are spent conducting PROCs other than the worst-case PROC activities, the daily exposure of this worker will be lower than estimated for the worst case.

### 4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

#### Exposure scenario (2): Formulation of pharmaceuticals

#### 1. Exposure scenario (2)

#### Short title of the exposure scenario:

#### Formulation of pharmaceuticals

#### List of use descriptors:

Product category (PC): PC28, PC29

Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental release category (ERC): ERC2, ERC3

List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition.

PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises.

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes. Covers mixing or blending of solid or liquid materials in the context of manufacturing or formulating sectors, as well as upon end use.

PROC6 Calendering operations. Processing of large surfaces at elevated temperature e.g. calendering of textile, rubber or paper.

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging and weighing.

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging. PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Filling lines specifically designed to both capture vapour and aerosol emissions and minimise spillage.

PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation. This covers processing of mixtures and/or substances into a defined shape for further use.

PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale laboratory (< 1 l or 1 kg present at workplace).

#### Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

### ERC2 Formulation into mixture.

ERC3 Formulation into solid matrix.

#### Further explanations:

PC28 Perfumes, fragrances.

#### PC29 Pharmaceuticals.

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance\_document/ information\_requirements\_r12\_en.pdf).

# 2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 2.1 Control of workers exposure

### General:

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are cleaned immediately.

#### Product characteristics:

Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.

Physical state: liquid.

Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C

### Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.

### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure:

Location: Indoor use.

Domain: Industrial use.

Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.

### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker:

General ventilation: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%.

Local exhaust ventilation: Not required.

Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required.

Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation:

Respiratory protection: Not required.

Dermal protection:

- PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%).

- PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 80%).

#### Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply:

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained.

Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.

Minimisation of splashes and spills.

Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects.

Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.

Training staff on good practice.

Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed.

#### 2.2 Control of environmental exposure

General:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

### Product characteristics:

Physical state: liquid.

Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C

### Amounts used:

Maximum daily use at a site: 0,00707 ton/day.

Maximum annual use at a site: 2,12 tons/year. Fraction of the main local source: 0.02.

Fraction of the main local source

#### Frequency and duration of use: Emission days: 300 days/year.

# Environmental factors not influenced by risk management:

Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/day (default).

#### Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure:

Indoor use.

Industrial use.

Release fraction to air from process:

- ERC2: (initial release): 0,0001; (final release): 0,0001. Local release rate: 0,000707 kg/day (EU TGD 2003 Table A2).
- ERC3: (initial release): 0,30; (final release): 0,30. Local release rate: 2,121 kg/day (ERC3).

Release fraction to wastewater from process:

- ERC2: (initial release): 0,0002; (final release): 0,0002. Local release rate: 0,00141 kg/day (EU TGD 2003 Table A2).
- ERC3: (initial release): 0,002; (final release): 0,002. Local release rate: 0,014 kg/day (ERC3).
- Release fraction to soil from process:
- ERC2: (final release): 0,000001 (EU TGD 2003 Table A2).

- ERC3: (final release): 0,001 (ERC3).

### Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (default).

### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town).

Fraction of emissions degraded in STP: Efficiency=87,58%

#### Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

#### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only highest figures are presented here.

Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - EUSES v2.1.2.

#### Health

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,686 mg/kg bw/day	0,602	PROC4, PROC9
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	4,422 mg/m3	0,451	PROC8a
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,827	PROC4, PROC9
Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation	4,422 mg/m3	0,451	PROC8a
Worker, short-term, local, Dermal	0,1 mg/cm2	N/A	PROC4, PROC9
Environment			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes
Freshwater	0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923 mg/L	0,032 / 0,225	ERC2 / ERC3
Freshwater sediment	0,000122 mg/kg dw / 0,000849 mg/kg dw	0,031 / 0,212	ERC2 / ERC3
Marine water	0,00000152 mg/L / 0,00000941 mg/L	0,037 / 0,23	ERC2 / ERC3
Marine water sediment	0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,0000866 mg/kg dw	0,035 / 0,216	ERC2 / ERC3
Soil	0,0000141 mg/kg dw / 0,000189 mg/kg dw	0,028 / 0,377	ERC2 / ERC3
STP	0,0000878 mg/L / 0,000878 mg/L	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3
Human via environment, Inhalation	0,00000217 mg/m3 / 0.000486 mg/m3	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3
Human via environment, Oral	0,000000512 mg/kg bw/day / 0.0000216 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3
Human via environment, Combined routes	N/A	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3

RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: The exposure scenario categories consist of a number of activities. An individual worker may conduct one or several of these activities during one shift and a specific PROC or PROCs have been identified as worst-case activities for combined exposure. If parts of the worker's shift are spent conducting PROCs other than the worst-case PROC activities, the daily exposure of this worker will be lower than estimated for the worst case.

### 4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

#### Exposure scenario (3): Formulation of flavouring agent in food

SDS Name: Kalama <sup>*</sup> Benzaldehyde FCC Low B1	
1. Exposure scenario (3)	
Short title of the exposure scenario: Formulation of flavouring agent in food	
List of use descriptors:	
Product category (PC): PC28, PC29	
Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15	
Environmental release category (ERC): ERC2, ERC3 List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:	
PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition	IS.
PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent	
containment conditions.	h
PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition.	n
PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises.	
PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes. Covers mixing or blending of solid or liquid materials in the context of manufacturing or	
formulating sectors, as well as upon end use. PROC6 Calendering operations. Processing of large surfaces at elevated temperature e.g. calendering of textile, rubber or paper.	
PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping,	
bagging and weighing.	
PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagg PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Filling lines specifically designed to	
capture vapour and aerosol emissions and minimise spillage.	וווסמי
PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation. This covers processing of mixtures and/or substances into a defined	
shape for further use.	
PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale in laboratories (less than or equal to 1 l or 1 kg present at workplace). Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:	
ERC2 Formulation into mixture.	
ERC3 Formulation into solid matrix.	
Further explanations:	
PC28 Perfumes, fragrances. PC29 Pharmaceuticals.	
For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements	and
chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/	
information_requirements_r12_en.pdf).	
2. Conditions of use affecting exposure     2.1 Control of workers exposure	
General:	
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately. <b>Product characteristics:</b>	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C Frequency and duration of use/exposure:	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C Frequency and duration of use/exposure:	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.         Product characteristics:         Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%. Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Not required. Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Not required. Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%. Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced.  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required. Dermal protection:	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day. Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C. Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Not required. Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: - PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%).	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.         Product characteristics:         Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.  Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 P at 40 °C  Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Not required. Local exhaust ventilation: Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced.  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%). PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%). Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately. Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day. Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C. Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Not required. Local exhaust ventilation: Not required. Cocupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required. Dermal protection: PROC5, PROC6, PROC8, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%). PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 80%). Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately. Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day. Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C. Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%. Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required. Cocupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required. Dermal protection: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%). PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 80%). Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Minimisation of splashes and spills.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately. Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%. Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day. Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use. Domain: Industrial use. Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C. Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: Not required. Local exhaust ventilation: Not required. Cocupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required. Dermal protection: PROC5, PROC6, PROC8, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%). PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 80%). Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply: Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.	are
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.         Product characteristics:       Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.	
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Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills a cleaned immediately.         Product characteristics:       Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.	

### Product characteristics:

Product characteristics:				
Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C				
Amounts used:				
Maximum daily use at a site: 0,00707 ton/day.				
Maximum annual use at a site: 2,12 tons/year.				
Fraction of the main local source: 0.02.				
Frequency and duration of use:				
Emission days: 300 days/year.				
Environmental factors not influenced by risk mana	agement:			
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/				
Other given operational conditions affecting envir	onmental exposure:			
Indoor use.				
Industrial use.				
Release fraction to air from process: - ERC2: (initial release): 0,0001; (final release): 0,0	001 Local release rate: 0.000707 L	alday (EU TCD	2003 Table (2)	
- ERC3: (initial release): 0,0001; (initial release): 0,00				
Release fraction to wastewater from process:				
- ERC2: (initial release): 0,0002; (final release): 0,0	002. Local release rate: 0,00141 kg	g/day (EU TGD 2	003 Table A2).	
- ERC3: (initial release): 0,002; (final release): 0,00				
Release fraction to soil from process:				
- ERC2: (final release): 0,000001 (EU TGD 2003 Ta	able A2).			
- ERC3: (final release): 0,001 (ERC3).		<u> </u>		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to redu		ons and releases	to soil:	
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defa	,			
Conditions and measures related to municipal ser				
Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: > Fraction of emissions degraded in STP: Efficiency=				
Conditions and measures related to external treat				
External treatment and disposal of waste should co		ational regulation	IS	
Conditions and measures related to external reco	1,2 11	unornal rogananoi		
External recovery and recycling of waste should co		ational regulation	S.	
Additional good practice advice. Obligations acco		0	-	
All risk management measures utilised must also c	omply with all relevant local regula	tions.		
-		uons.		
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source				
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only	highest figures are presented here			
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 -	highest figures are presented here			
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2.		Notes	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day		PROC4, PROC9	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3	<b>RCR</b> 0,602 0,451	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day		PROC4, PROC9	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3	<b>RCR</b> 0,602 0,451	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3 N/A	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3 N/A 4,422 mg/m3	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3 N/A 4,422 mg/m3 0,1 mg/cm2	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3 N/A 4,422 mg/m3 0,1 mg/cm2 Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3 N/A 4,422 mg/m3 0,1 mg/cm2 Exposure estimate/PEC 0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3 N/A 4,422 mg/m3 0,1 mg/cm2 Exposure estimate/PEC 0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923 mg/L	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC           0,686 mg/kg bw/day           4,422 mg/m3           N/A           4,422 mg/m3           0,1 mg/cm2           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923           mg/L           0,000122 mg/kg dw / 0,000849	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater sediment	highest figures are presented here EUSES v2.1.2. Exposure estimate/PEC 0,686 mg/kg bw/day 4,422 mg/m3 N/A 4,422 mg/m3 0,1 mg/cm2 Exposure estimate/PEC 0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923 mg/L 0,000122 mg/kg dw / 0,000849 mg/kg dw	RCR           0,602           0,451           0,827           0,451           N/A           RCR           0,032 / 0,225           0,031 / 0,212	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater	Image: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="	RCR           0,602           0,451           0,827           0,451           N/A           RCR           0,032 / 0,225           0,031 / 0,212	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water	Image: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: stylew;"/>	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225 0,031 / 0,212 0,037 / 0,23	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater sediment	Exposure estimate/PEC           0,686 mg/kg bw/day           4,422 mg/m3           N/A           4,422 mg/m3           0,1 mg/cm2           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923 mg/L           0,0000152 mg/kg dw / 0,000849 mg/kg dw           0,0000152 mg/L / 0,0000941 mg/L           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0	RCR           0,602           0,451           0,827           0,451           N/A           RCR           0,032 / 0,225           0,031 / 0,212	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water Marine water sediment	Image: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style: style: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-alig	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225 0,031 / 0,212 0,037 / 0,23 0,035 / 0,216	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water	Image: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-al	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225 0,031 / 0,212 0,037 / 0,23	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water Soil	Image: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-al	RCR         0,602         0,451         0,827         0,451         N/A         RCR         0,032 / 0,225         0,031 / 0,212         0,037 / 0,23         0,035 / 0,216         0,028 / 0,377	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 ROC4, PROC9 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water Marine water sediment	Image: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-al	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225 0,031 / 0,212 0,037 / 0,23 0,035 / 0,216	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water Soil	Image: style="text-align: center;">           highest figures are presented here           EUSES v2.1.2.           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,686 mg/kg bw/day           4,422 mg/m3           N/A           4,422 mg/m3           0,1 mg/cm2           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923 mg/L           0,0000152 mg/kg dw / 0,000849 mg/kg dw           0,0000152 mg/L / 0,0000941 mg/L           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,000848 mg/L           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,000878 mg/L / 0,000878 mg/L	RCR         0,602         0,451         0,827         0,451         N/A         RCR         0,032 / 0,225         0,031 / 0,212         0,037 / 0,23         0,035 / 0,216         0,028 / 0,377	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water Soil	Image: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-align: style="text-align: center;">Image: style="text-align: style="text-al	RCR         0,602         0,451         0,827         0,451         N/A         RCR         0,032 / 0,225         0,031 / 0,212         0,037 / 0,23         0,035 / 0,216         0,028 / 0,377	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 ROC4, PROC9 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Marine water Soil STP	Image: style="text-align: center;">           highest figures are presented here           EUSES v2.1.2.           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,686 mg/kg bw/day           4,422 mg/m3           N/A           4,422 mg/m3           0,1 mg/cm2           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923 mg/L           0,0000152 mg/kg dw / 0,000849 mg/kg dw           0,0000152 mg/L / 0,0000941 mg/L           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,000848 mg/L           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,000878 mg/L / 0,000878 mg/L	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225 0,031 / 0,212 0,037 / 0,23 0,035 / 0,216 0,028 / 0,377 <0,01 / <0,01	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
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3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation Worker, short-term, local, Dermal Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Freshwater Freshwater sediment Marine water Soil STP Human via environment, Inhalation	Image: style="text-align: center;">           highest figures are presented here           EUSES v2.1.2.           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,686 mg/kg bw/day           4,422 mg/m3           N/A           4,422 mg/m3           0,1 mg/cm2           Exposure estimate/PEC           0,0000133 mg/L / 0,0000923 mg/L           0,0000132 mg/kg dw / 0,000849 mg/kg dw           0,0000152 mg/L / 0,0000941 mg/L           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,0000941 mg/L           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,0000866 mg/kg dw           0,0000139 mg/kg dw / 0,000878 mg/L           0,0000878 mg/L / 0,000878 mg/L           0,0000217 mg/m3 / 0.000486 mg/m3	RCR 0,602 0,451 0,827 0,451 N/A RCR 0,032 / 0,225 0,031 / 0,212 0,037 / 0,23 0,035 / 0,216 0,028 / 0,377 <0,01 / <0,01	PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC8a PROC4, PROC9 PROC4, PROC9 Notes ERC2 / ERC3 ERC2 / ERC3	
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RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: The exposure scenario categories consist of a number of activities. An individual worker may conduct one or several of these activities during one shift and a specific PROC or PROCs have been identified as worst-case activities for combined exposure. If parts of the worker's shift are spent conducting PROCs other than the worst-case PROC activities, the daily exposure of this worker will be lower than estimated for the worst case.

# 4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

### Exposure scenario (4): Formulation of perfumes/fragrances

#### 1. Exposure scenario (4)

#### Short title of the exposure scenario:

Formulation of perfumes/fragrances

#### List of use descriptors:

Product category (PC): PC28, PC29

Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental release category (ERC): ERC2 (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1, 2.1b.v1), ERC3.

#### List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition.

PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises.

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes. Covers mixing or blending of solid or liquid materials in the context of manufacturing or formulating sectors, as well as upon end use.

PROC6 Calendering operations. Processing of large surfaces at elevated temperature e.g. calendering of textile, rubber or paper. PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging and weighing.

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging. PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Filling lines specifically designed to both capture vapour and aerosol emissions and minimise spillage.

PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation. This covers processing of mixtures and/or substances into a defined shape for further use.

#### PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale in laboratories (less than or equal to 1 l or 1 kg present at workplace).

#### Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

ERC2 Formulation into mixture.

ERC3 Formulation into solid matrix.

SpERC IFRA 2.1(a): Formulation of fragrance compounds at large/medium sites; SpERC IFRA 2.1(b): Formulation of fragrance compounds at small sites.

#### Further explanations:

PC28 Perfumes, fragrances.

PC29 Pharmaceuticals.

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance\_document/ information\_requirements\_r12\_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental Release Categories (SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.

#### 2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

2.1 Control of workers exposure

#### General:

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are cleaned immediately.

Product characteristics:

Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.

Physical state: liquid.

Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C

### Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.

### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure:

Location: Indoor use.

Domain: Industrial use.

Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker:

General ventilation: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%.

SDS Name: Kalama* Benzaldehyde FCC Low B	Т			
Local exhaust ventilation: Not required.				
Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management Syste	m: Advanced			
Conditions and measures related to personal prote		lation:		
Respiratory protection: Not required.				
Dermal protection:				
<ul> <li>PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9, PRO</li> <li>PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b: Yes (chemia</li> </ul>			iveness Dermal: 80%)	
Additional good practice advice. Obligations accor			veness Dermai. 60 %).	
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygie		do not apply.		
Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.				
Minimisation of splashes and spills. Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and ol	hierts			
Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.	bjects.			
Training staff on good practice.				
Management/supervision in place to check that RMI	Ms in place are being used corre	ctly and OCs follow	ved.	
2.2 Control of environmental exposure General:				
All risk management measures utilised must also co	omply with all relevant local regul	ations.		
Product characteristics:				
Physical state: liquid.				
Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C Amounts used:				
Maximum daily use at a site: 0,00707 ton/day.				
Maximum annual use at a site: 2,12 tons/year.				
Fraction of the main local source: 0.02.				
Frequency and duration of use: Emission days: 300 days/year.				
Environmental factors not influenced by risk mana	aement:			
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/d				
Other given operational conditions affecting enviro	onmental exposure:			
Industrial use. Indoor use.				
Release fraction to air from process:				
- ERC2: (initial release): 0,025; (final release): 0,025				
- ERC3: (initial release): 0,30; (final release): 0,30. L	ocal release rate: 2,121 kg/day (	(ERC3).		
Release fraction to wastewater from process: - ERC2: (initial release): 0,005; (final release): 0,005	5 Local release rate: 0.035 kg/da	v (SnERC IERA 2	1b v1)	
- ERC3: (initial release): 0,002; (final release): 0,002			10.01).	
Release fraction to soil from process:				
- ERC2: (final release): 0,0 (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1).				
- ERC3: (final release): 0,001 (ERC3). Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduc	e or limit discharges, air emiss	ions and releases	to soil:	
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defai				
Conditions and measures related to municipal sew	,			
Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >				
Fraction of emissions degraded in STP: Efficiency=8				
Conditions and measures related to external treatr External treatment and disposal of waste should cor	nent of waste for disposal:			
		national regulation	IS	
Conditions and measures related to external recov	nply with applicable local and/or	national regulatior	IS.	
Conditions and measures related to external recover External recovery and recycling of waste should con	nply with applicable local and/or very of waste: nply with applicable local and/or	national regulatior		
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Conditions and measures related to external recovery External recovery and recycling of waste should con Additional good practice advice. Obligations accor All risk management measures utilised must also co 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only h Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - Health Effect/Compartment Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	nply with applicable local and/or very of waste: nply with applicable local and/or ding to Article 37(4) of REACH omply with all relevant local regul nighest figures are presented her EUSES v2.1.2. <u>Exposure estimate/PEC</u> 0,686 mg/kg bw/day	national regulatior do not apply: ations. e. RCR 0,602	s. <u>Notes</u> PROC4, PROC9	
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Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes
Freshwater sediment	0,00206 mg/kg dw / 0,000849 mg/kg dw	0,515 / 0,212	ERC2 / ERC3
Marine water	0,0000226 mg/L / 0,00000941 mg/L	0,551 / 0,23	ERC2/ERC3
Marine water sediment	0,000208 mg/kg dw / 0,0000866 mg/kg dw	0,519 / 0,216	ERC2 / ERC3
Soil	0,000272 mg/kg dw / 0,000189 mg/kg dw	0,544 / 0,377	ERC2 / ERC3
STP	0,00219 mg/L / 0,000878 mg/L	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3
Human via environment, Inhalation	0,0000424 mg/m3 / 0.000486 mg/m3	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3
Human via environment, Oral	0,00000825 mg/kg bw/day / 0.0000216 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3
Human via environment, Combined routes	N/A	<0,01 / <0,01	ERC2 / ERC3

RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: The exposure scenario categories consist of a number of activities. An individual worker may conduct one or several of these activities during one shift and a specific PROC or PROCs have been identified as worst-case activities for combined exposure. If parts of the worker's shift are spent conducting PROCs other than the worst-case PROC activities, the daily exposure of this worker will be lower than estimated for the worst case.

# 4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=1%.

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

#### Exposure scenario (5): Use at industrial sites - Use as an intermediate

#### 1. Exposure scenario (5)

Short title of the exposure scenario:

#### Use at industrial sites - Use as an intermediate

List of use descriptors:

Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15

Environmental release category (ERC): ERC6a

#### List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition.

PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises.

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging and weighing.

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging. PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale in laboratories (less than or equal to 1 l or 1 kg present at workplace).

### Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

ERC6a Use of intermediate.

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance\_document/ information\_requirements\_r12\_en.pdf).

#### 2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 2.1 Control of workers exposure

#### General:

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are cleaned immediately.

#### Product characteristics:

Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=100%.

Physical state: liquid.

Vapour pressure: 444,1 Pa at 40 °C

Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

### Duration of activity: <=8 hours/day.

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: Indoor use.

Domain: Industrial use

Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker:
General ventilation:
- PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC15: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%.
- PROC8a: Enhanced general ventilation (5-10 air changes per hour): 70%. Local exhaust ventilation:
- PROC1, PROC2: Not required.
- PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC15: Yes (90% effectiveness).
- PROC8b: Yes (95% effectiveness).
Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): Not required. Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced.
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation:
Respiratory protection: Not required.
Dermal protection:
<ul> <li>PROC1, PROC3, PROC15: No (Effectiveness Dermal: 0%).</li> <li>PROC2: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 80%).</li> </ul>
- PROC2: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374) (Effectiveness Dermal: 00%).
- PROC8a, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with specific activity training) (Effectiveness Dermal: 95%).
Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply:
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained.
Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks. Minimisation of splashes and spills.
Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects.
Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.
Training staff on good practice.
Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure
General:
All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.
Site 1: An on-site STP with aerobic treatment followed by tertiary ozone treatment (98% efficiency).
Site 2: The effluent flows to the local municipal treatment plant (87,58% efficiency)
Site 2. The endent nows to the local municipal deathent plant (67,56 % eniclency)
Site 3: This water is directly sent to a big domestic STP with biological treatment designed for an equivalent population of 358.000 inhabitants,
with a daily flow of 43,000 m3/day (87,58% efficiency)
Product characteristics:
Product characteristics: Physical state: liquid.
Product characteristics:
Product characteristics: Physical state: liquid. Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C Amounts used: Maximum daily use at a site: 9,263 tons/day (Site 1) / 4,371 tons/day (Site 2) / 2,953 tons/day (Site 3).
Product characteristics:         Physical state: liquid.         Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C         Amounts used:         Maximum daily use at a site: 9,263 tons/day (Site 1) / 4,371 tons/day (Site 2) / 2,953 tons/day (Site 3).         Maximum annual use at a site: 3381 tons/year (Site 1) / 1530 tons/year (Site 2) / 886 tons/year (Site 3).
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Product characteristics:         Physical state: liquid.         Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C         Amounts used:         Maximum daily use at a site: 9,263 tons/day (Site 1) / 4,371 tons/day (Site 2) / 2,953 tons/day (Site 3).         Maximum annual use at a site: 3381 tons/year (Site 1) / 1530 tons/year (Site 2) / 886 tons/year (Site 3).         Fraction of the main local source: 1.         Frequency and duration of use:
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Product characteristics:       Physical state: liquid.         Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C         Amounts used:         Maximum daily use at a site: 3281 tons/day (Site 1) / 4,371 tons/day (Site 2) / 2,953 tons/day (Site 3).         Maximum annual use at a site: 3381 tons/year (Site 1) / 1530 tons/year (Site 2) / 886 tons/year (Site 3).         Fraction of the main local source: 1.         Frequency and duration of use:         Emission days: <=365 days/year (Site 1) / <=350 days/year (Site 2) / <=300 days/year (Site 3).
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Product characteristics:       Physical state: liquid.         Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C         Amounts used:         Maximum daily use at a site: 3281 tons/day (Site 1) / 4,371 tons/day (Site 2) / 2,953 tons/day (Site 3).         Maximum annual use at a site: 3381 tons/year (Site 1) / 1530 tons/year (Site 2) / 886 tons/year (Site 3).         Fraction of the main local source: 1.         Frequency and duration of use:         Emission days: <=365 days/year (Site 1) / <=350 days/year (Site 2) / <=300 days/year (Site 3).
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Product characteristics:       Physical state: liquid.         Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C         Amounts used:         Maximum daily use at a site: 9,263 tons/day (Site 1) / 4,371 tons/day (Site 2) / 2,953 tons/day (Site 3).         Maximum annual use at a site: 3381 tons/year (Site 1) / 1530 tons/year (Site 2) / 886 tons/year (Site 3).         Fraction of the main local source: 1.         Frequency and duration of use:         Emission days: <=365 days/year (Site 1) / <=350 days/year (Site 2) / <=300 days/year (Site 3).
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Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply:

#### All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

#### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Health: Worker TRA v3. Only highest figures are presented here. Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - EUSES v2.1.2.

Health			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,69 mg/kg bw/day	0,605	PROC3
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	4,422 mg/m3	0,451	PROC2
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,827	PROC4
Worker, long-term, local, Inhalation	4,422 mg/m3	0,451	PROC2
Worker, short-term, local, Dermal	0,201 mg/cm2	N/A	PROC3
Invironment			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Freshwater	0,00000499 mg/L (1)/ 0,00000589 mg/L (2)/ 0,00000454 mg/L (3)	0,012 (1)/ 0,,014 (2)/ 0,011 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
Freshwater sediment	0,0000459 mg/kg dw (1)/ 0,0000542 mg/kg dw (2)/ 0,0000417 mg/kg dw (3)	0,011 (1)/ 0,014 (2)/ 0,01 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
Marine water	0,000000684 mg/L (1)/ 0,000000773 mg/L (2)/ 0,000000638 mg/L (3)	0,017 (1)/ 0,019 (2)/ 0,016 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
Marine water sediment	0,00000629 mg/kg dw (1)/ 0,00000711 mg/kg dw (2)/ 0,00000587 mg/kg dw (3)	0,016 (1)/ 0,018 (2)/ 0,015 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
Soil	0,00000362 mg/kg dw (1)/ 0,00000523 mg/kg dw (2)/ 0,00000362 mg/kg dw (3)	<0,01 (1)/ <0,01 (2)/ <0,01 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
STP	0,00000463 mg/L (1)/ 0,0000136 mg/L (2)/ 0,0000000852 mg/L (3)	<0,01 (1)/ <0,01 (2)/ <0,01 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
Human via environment, Inhalation	0,00000201 mg/m3 (1)/ 0,00000201 mg/m3 (2)/ 0,00000204 mg/m3 (3)	<0,01 (1)/ <0,01 (2)/ <0,01 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
Human via environment, Oral	0,000000262 mg/kg bw/day (1)/ 0,000000293 mg/kg bw/ day (2)/ 0,000000248 mg/kg bw/day (3)	<0,01 (1)/ <0,01 (2)/ <0,01 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3
Human via environment, Combined routes	N/A	<0,01 (1)/ <0,01 (2)/ <0,01 (3)	(1) Site 1/ (2) Site 2/ (3) Site 3

RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: The exposure scenario categories consist of a number of activities. An individual worker may conduct one or several of these activities during one shift and a specific PROC or PROCs have been identified as worst-case activities for combined exposure. If parts of the worker's shift are spent conducting PROCs other than the worst-case PROC activities, the daily exposure of this worker will be lower than estimated for the worst case.

#### 4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Concentration of substance in mixture/article: <=100%.

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

#### Exposure scenario (6): Consumer use of cosmetics/personal care products

#### 1. Exposure scenario (6)

Short title of the exposure scenario:

Consumer use of cosmetics/personal care products

### List of use descriptors:

Product category (PC): PC39

Environmental release category (ERC): ERC8a (SpERC COLIPA 17-19)

Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor).

SpERC COLIPA 17-19: Wide Dispersive Use in 'Down the Drain' products - hair and skin care products; Wide Dispersive Use of Aerosol

#### products for hair and skin care (Propellants); Wide Dispersive Use of Aerosol products for hair and skin care (Non-Propellants).

#### Further explanations:

#### PC39 Cosmetics, personal care products.

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance\_document/ information\_requirements\_r12\_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental Release Categories (SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.

### 2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 2.1 Control of consumer exposure

### General:

For cosmetic and personal care products, risk assessment only required for the environment under REACH as human health is covered by alternative legislation.

#### 2.2 Control of environmental exposure

#### General:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

#### Product characteristics:

Physical state: liquid.

#### Vapour pressure: 169 Pa at 25 °C

Amounts used:

Daily wide dispersive use: 0,0000115 tons/day.

Total annual EU tonnage of all registrants for use in this application: 106 tons/year.

Total annual regional tonnage of all registrants for use in this application: 5.6 tons/year.

Fraction of the main local source: 0.00075.

#### Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days: <=365 days/year.

Wide dispersive use.

#### Environmental factors not influenced by risk management:

Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/day (default)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure:

Indoor use.

Consumer use.

Release fraction to air from process (initial release): 1,00; (final release): 1,00.

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release): 1,00; (final release): 1,00. Local release rate: 0,011 kg/day.

Release fraction to soil from process (final release): 0,0.

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (default).

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town).

Fraction of emissions degraded in STP: Efficiency=87,58%

#### Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

#### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v3.4 - EUSES v2.1.2.

#### Environment

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	<u>Notes</u>
Freshwater	0,0000759 mg/L	0,185	
Freshwater sediment	0,000698 mg/kg dw	0,175	
Marine water	0,00000777 mg/L	0,19	
Marine water sediment	0,0000715 mg/kg dw	0,179	
Soil	0,0000887 mg/kg dw	0,177	
STP	0,000714 mg/L	<0,01	
Human via environment, Inhalation	0,00000203 mg/m3	N/E	<0,01
Human via environment, Oral	0,00000278 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	
Human via environment, Combined routes	N/A	<0,01	
RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or	Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=P	Predicted enviro	onmental concentration.

4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.